



The Times

XVIIth YEAR.

SINGLE PRICE 10 CENTS. TEN PAGES. COUNTER 13 CENTS.

LOS ANGELES

MONDAY MORNING, DECEMBER 13, 1897.

ON STREETS AND TRAINS AT ALL NEWS AGENCIES 5 CENTS

THEATERS—

LOS ANGELES THEATRE— With Dates of Events.
Claw and Erlanger's Great Show
Tonight—**IN GAY NEW YORK**—Tonight
75 Comedians, Singers, Dancers and Burlesquers.
Bargain matinee Wednesday—50c. Saturday matinee, regular price.
Seats now on sale. Prices—25c, 50c, 75c, \$1.00, \$1.50. Telephone Main 70.
Next attraction—2 performances only—Sunday and Monday evenings, Dec. 19 and 20.
The only original **OLE OLSEN.** All the old favorites, Ben Hendricks, Charlie Lorraine, Harry Blake and others. The great bicycle contest, introducing John Lawson, "The Terrible Swede."
Seats on sale Thursday, 16th. Prices 25c, 50c, 75c, \$1. Telephone Main 70.

Burbank

TONIGHT and Remainder of Week.
Matinee Saturday.

A Thrilling Romance of the Civil War.

"ACROSS THE POTOMAC."

Acknowledged the best war play ever written. Magnificent scenery. Intricate stage mechanism. Perfect ensemble. THE MAMMOTH STAGE FULL OF PEOPLE. Including a full military company from the N.G.C.

Reappearance of Miss Katie Pearson.

ONE LADY FREE

This ticket can be exchanged at the Burbank Theater Box Office for a Reserved Seat without extra charge, and will admit ONE LADY FREE (When accompanied by a gentleman).
On Monday and Tuesday evenings, Dec. 13-14. Note—This ticket will not admit a lady unless accompanied by a gentleman.

Prices, 15, 25, 35 and 50c. Order seats by Tel. M. 1270.

OPHEUM—

Los Angeles Society Vaudeville Theater.

WEEK COMMENCING MONDAY, DEC. 13—

Harry C. Stanley and Adelle Jackson,

Producing the Laughable Musical Comedy, "Before the Ball."

The Clemence Trio, Rose, Don and MaBelle.

O. K. Sato, The Juggling Comedian, **Harry Edson** and his Wonderful Dog, "DOC."

FRED BROWN, Coon Singer and Rag Time Dancer. **FORDYCE**, and His Musical Puppets. **MISS CAROLINE HULL,** Triple-Voiced Vocalist and Descriptive Lady Baritone. **THE AMERICAN BIOGRAPH,** New Series of American Views.

Prices Never Changing—Evening, Reserved seats 25 and 50 cents. Gallery, 10 cents. Regular Matinees Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday. Tel. Main 1447.

SIMPSON AUDITORIUM—

Hope Street bet. Seventh and Eighth

December 16, 1897,

INITIAL TOUR OF PACIFIC COAST AND EASTERN STATES.

Little Paloma Schramm,

This Wonderful Child Pianist will give one performance prior to her departure Under the Management of the FITZGERALD MUSIC CO.

Advance sale of seats begins

... TODAY ...

Dec. 13, at 10 a.m., 113 South Spring Street.

Prices—\$1.00, 75c, 50c.

AMUSEMENTS AND ENTERTAINMENTS—

TO SEE SOUTHERN CALIFORNIA—You must go around

The Kite-Shaped Track.

It Can Be Done in a Day.

Beginning Tuesday, Dec. 14, and on each Tuesday thereafter, the Santa Fe will run a special train, making a complete circuit of the track.
Leaving Los Angeles 9:00 a.m.
Leaving Pasadena 9:25 a.m.
Returning—Arrive Los Angeles 6:25 p.m.
Arrive Pasadena 6:50 p.m.

A stop will be made at both Redlands and Riverside, giving ample time at both points for drives and sightseeing.

This train will carry the **Observation Car**, affording a pleasant opportunity of seeing all the interesting points on this famous line. Round Trip—\$4.10. Ticket Office, 200 SPRING STREET.

HAZARD'S PAVILION—

The Kirmess, Dec. 16, 17, 18,

Matinee Saturday, Dec. 18. Benefit of the Free Kindergarten Association. Picturesque Scenes—Gorgeous Tableaux—Magnificent Costumes—Dazzling Booths—Grand March of All Nations. Eighteen Dances in characteristic fancy dresses. Her Majesty, the Queen of the Kirmess, escorted by her Guard of Honor. The principal social event of the season. Admission 50 cents; children 25 cents; season tickets \$1.25. Reserved seats on sale at Fitzgerald Music Co.

OSTRICH FARM—South Pasadena—

... OPEN DAILY ...

Nearly 100 Gigantic Birds.

An immense assortment of Tips, Plumes, Boas and Capes for sale direct from the producers. No agency in Los Angeles. Car fare only 10c.

EXCURSIONS—MT. LOWE RAILWAY—

December 16, 17, 18 and 19—Thursday, Friday, Saturday and Sunday.

\$1.70—Los Angeles to Rubio Canyon, Echo Mountain and Over entire line Mount Lowe Railway and return, lowest rate ever made. Enjoy a trip to the mountains, among the pines and the grandest mountain railway ride in existence. Pasadena Electric Cars leave Fourth and Broadway 8, 8:30, 9, 9:30, 10, 10:30 a.m. 1, 3 and 4:30 p.m. Terminal Railway leaves 9:30 a.m., 3:25 p.m. Telephone Main 960. Office, 214 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.

CIVIL SERVICE

War to be Made on It in Congress.

Opposition in Both Houses is Ready to Open Up.

Debate Will Mix in Discussion of Other Measures.

Census Bill Will Provoke Hostilities in the Senate and the Legislature, Executive and Judicial Bill in the House—Holidays.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The work of the Senate, so far as it has been mapped out for the week, includes the consideration of the Immigration Bill, which stands on the calendar as the unfinished business; the probable debate on the Census Bill, and the pronouncing of eulogies upon Representative Holman of Indiana.

The general opinion of the friends of the measure is that there will be very strenuous opposition to the Immigration Bill, and that it may be passed after a brief debate. When a similar bill was before the Senate last session, it had its principal opponent in Senator Gibson of Maryland, and as he has retired from the Senate, the friends of the bill are hopeful that no one will be found who will champion the opposition. They remember, however, that when it was necessary in order to have the bill become a law, to pass over the President's veto, the two-thirds vote requisite for that purpose could not be secured. Hence, while they are hopeful of the speedy and favorable consideration of the bill, they realize the possibility of the delay on account of opposing speeches. There appears to be no reason to doubt that when the vote shall be reached the bill will pass.

By special arrangement between Senators Carter and Lodge, in charge, respectively, of the two bills, the Immigration Bill will be temporarily displaced on Tuesday in order to give Senator Carter an opportunity to call up the bill providing for the next census. When this agreement was made last Thursday, Senator Carter expressed the opinion that there would be no need of a debate on the bill through, but there are now some indications that the civil-service question will be raised in this connection, and if it should, a prolonged debate may be inaugurated.

The friends of annexation who are on the Committee on Foreign Relations are now expecting to ask the Senate to take up the treaty during the week, though quite well aware of the impossibility of securing the necessary two-thirds vote. They are decided, also, upon taking the treaty up as such instead of attempting to secure legislation on a joint resolution. They may postpone their request for consideration until January.

The Senate leaders express themselves as agreeable to the House programme for adjournment for the holidays next Saturday. The Senate eulogies upon the late Representative Holman will be delivered Friday.

The week in the House promises to be made memorable by the formal inauguration of the war against the civil service law. The Legislative, Executive and Judicial Appropriation Bill, which will be taken up on Tuesday, contains the regular appropriations for the Civil Service Commission, and whether or not all the members who favor the repeal or the modification of the law unite to strike down the provision for its maintenance, as the quickest and most direct method of crippling its operation, undoubtedly some will advocate this course. The whole civil-service question will be dragged into the arena of debate.

How long the debate will last it is impossible to predict, but it is expected that the regular session of the only item in the bill which will attract much of a contest, Chairman Cannon hopes and believes the bill can be passed before Saturday. This is a day, under an order made Thursday, has been set aside for paying tribute to the memory of the late Representative Cook of Illinois. Tomorrow the chairman of the Foreign Affairs Committee will again seek to secure the passage of the bill to prohibit pelagic sealing by the citizens of the United States. There is very strong opposition to the passage of the measure in its present form, and the whole question of the Bering Sea negotiations may be precipitated when it is called up.

Mr. Hopkins of Illinois, and other members, favor a "limitation on the period of operation of the act. If it is to be passed, so that in case Great Britain refuses to restrict similarly her citizens, our citizens may not be placed at a disadvantage. Others, like Mr. Johnson of North Dakota, think the extinguishment of the seal herds in the near future is certain, and are not disposed to favor any legislation looking to their preservation.

INDIAN TERRITORY PROBLEMS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The indications are that this Congress will pass a general bill covering the rehabilitation of the Indian Territory. The measure as now planned is to embrace everything that has been sought to be accomplished in the past by the Dawes Indian Commission which is still negotiating with the five civilized tribes, but which will hereafter week to report the discouraging existing conditions. The bill will cover all the questions of citizenship, allotments of lands, disposition of townships, mineral lands, full jurisdiction of the United States courts over the present reservations, and other matters bearing on the extinguishment of tribal organization.

The first steps in the matter have been taken by the Indian committee of both Senate and House. It is understood that in a few days there will be a joint session of the committee of the Senate and House, at which these matters will be gone over, and some steps

taken in the way of settling the problems by Congressional enactment. In view of the large amount of work necessary to be done, however, it is not probable that any bill can be passed till well toward the end of the session.

AN AMERICAN UNIVERSITY.

Proposition Which Should Receive the Support of the Country.
[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The bill to establish the University of the United States will again be introduced in both houses of Congress tomorrow. The bill, in general terms, provides for an institution of the highest possible type for the graduates of accredited colleges and universities only, with special reference to the work of original research and investigation in all important fields of inquiry. The government is vested in a board of regents and a university council. The board of regents will embrace the President of the United States, the Chief Justice of the Supreme Court, the Secretary of the Interior, the Secretary of Education, the Secretary of the Smithsonian Institution, the president of the National Academy of Sciences, the president of the National Educational Association, the president of the university and nine other citizens to be appointed by the President, by and with the advice and consent of the Senate. The university council is to have immediate charge of the work of instruction, research and investigation. It consists of the regents and twelve other members, to be appointed by them from among eminent educators, with a like impartial distribution. All the courses and officers of instruction are to be determined by the council, as also the regulations governing the international management of the institution. Neither sectarian nor political preferences in any form are to be allowed, whether the appointment be in any of the operations of the institution. Authority is given to establish with other institutions of learning such cooperative relations as may be deemed desirable.

Provision is made for the use of what is known as "University Square," the site set apart by Washington for university purposes, and lately occupied by the Naval Conservatory. Congress is now asked for but enough means to enable the board of regents to organize and practically inaugurate the institution. Gifts and bequests are to be deposited in the United States treasury in trust, and invested in bonds of the United States bearing 6 per cent. interest.

The present bill is the outgrowth of more than a hundred years of agitation. The thought of an university first came to Washington, while commanding the revolutionary army. Subsequently, President Grant and Hayes urged its establishment, and in his last will and testament, left \$25,000 in stocks as a first endowment, the interest to be compounded. Had Congress fostered this sum it would now be nearly \$5,000,000.

The idea thus cherished by the fathers of this country was also endorsed by Presidents John Adams, Jefferson, Madison, Monroe, John Quincy Adams and Jackson, and in more recent years, by Presidents Grant and Hayes. During all this time the measure was advocated by men, the most distinguished for learning and statesmanship, but, owing to the lack of organized effort, nothing practicable was accomplished.

The more modern movement in this cause may be said to have been inaugurated in 1889 by the National Educational Association, after an appeal from Dr. John W. Hoyt of Wisconsin, at the close of his educational tours of inspection in all the countries of Europe and in the American States by authority of the government. That great educator thrice presided over the university proposition, and through its committee a bill was introduced and unanimously reported in the House of Representatives in 1873. The measure continued to receive the indorsement of leading scholars and statesmen from time to time, and in 1890, a university bill was introduced in the Senate by Mr. Edmunds of Vermont, and upon his motion, referred to a select committee with Senator Proctor as chairman.

The present general movement was begun at the Pan-Republic Congress in 1891 by the appointment of a commission of the United States to be charged with the preparation of a bill in the discretion of its chairman, ex-Gov.

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

WELL LOVED.

Mrs. McKinley's Funeral to be Public.

Friends So Many as to Call for Church Services.

Cabinet Officials to be Present from Washington.

The President and Brother Make Arrangements for the Interment—Old-Bearers Are Selected from Church Members.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
CANTON (O.), Dec. 12.—Mrs. Nancy Allison McKinley, the aged mother of the President, died shortly after 2 o'clock this morning. Almost two weeks had elapsed since the stroke of paralysis, which was at once pronounced fatal, and the wonderful vitality which had kept death at bay so long, had deduced the friends and relatives into the belief that the aged woman might, perhaps, recover despite the verdict of her physician. But unmistakable signs of approaching dissolution were seen early yesterday morning, and at nightfall it was evident that death must come before morning.

The demise of Mrs. McKinley was painless. All night long the members of the family were watching and waiting for the time of dissolution. From 11 o'clock until the time of the death, the McKinley house was quiet and shrouded in a stillness that was suggestive of the mournful scenes within the walls. No response could be obtained by messengers or reporters who sought in vain for news.

Shortly before midnight the attendants discovered what were thought to be certain signs of dissolution. The fact was communicated to the inmates of the household, who had gone to their rooms, but had not retired for the night. Around the deathbed where the final scene was enacted were President McKinley, his wife, Anne McKinley, Mrs. Duncan and Miss Helen McKinley, children of the aged woman. The aged sister, Mrs. Osborne, was there, the only one of the Allison family now living. Mrs. Bowman of Loraine, Miss Grace McKinley, Mabel McKinley, James McKinley, Miss Duncan and Jack Duncan, grandchildren, were all in the sad party that witnessed the last scene in the gentle life. The President and his wife remained at the bedside for an hour after the end, and by 4 o'clock every member of the family had retired.

THE FUNERAL.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]
CANTON, Dec. 12.—Funeral services over the remains of Mrs. Nancy Allison McKinley will be held in the First Methodist Episcopal Church of this city at 1 o'clock Tuesday afternoon. Interment will follow in West Lawn Cemetery, just west of the city, and Tuesday evening President McKinley and wife and the officials from Washington who attend the funeral will leave for the capital, reaching there about noon on Wednesday.

These are the arrangements, so far as completed, since the death of Mother McKinley, shortly after 2 o'clock this morning. It was at first thought by the family that the services should be of

(CONTINUED ON SIXTH PAGE.)

Points of the News in Today's Times.

SUMMARY.
General Associated Press night report, received since dark yesterday... 74
Exclusive Times dispatches (night) received since dark yesterday... 5

The whole equivalent to about 10 columns.

The City—Pages 3, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10.

Secretary Wilde of the Val Verde removed a month ago... A new item exploited by a clever performer... News of the oil fields... Frisky negro shoots up the town... Record of local sporting events... Sermons in the churches.

Southern California—Page 9.

Squatters evicted from Santa Anita Ranch in Santa Barbara... Riverside's murdered man still unidentified... San Bernardino ball team defeated by Ontario... Redlands finances in bad shape... Orphans' Home in South Pasadena burned... Randsburg's railroad prospects... Bunco victim sent to jail from Santa Monica for contempt.

Pacific Coast—Page 2.

Steamer City of Topeka brings news from Alaska—A thousand men leave Dawson bound homeward to escape famine... Train wreck near Gilroy—Fireman injured... Schooner William F. Witzemann has a narrow escape from sinking... Ferry-boat damages a barkentine on San Francisco Bay... J. O. Taylor, ex-banker of San Diego, dead... Coursing at Sacramento... H. R. Wilkinson brought back to Sacramento from Ogden to answer to a charge of embezzlement... Baseball at San Francisco... Coursing at San Francisco... Young farmer blows out the gas at Fresno and is found dead... Steamer Alice Blanchard boarded by a heavy sea... Auburn suicide leaves his body to science... S. W. Ralston dead, Four children rescued from a burning house.

General Eastern—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Mother McKinley's funeral to be public, and numerous attended... Fight against civil service to be begun in both houses—Bill to establish a national university to be introduced in both houses today... The letters making astonishing prices for wheat at Chicago... Sunset Limited service to be extended to New Orleans... National Board of Trade meets at Washington today... Call for a caucus-reform conference at New York... Zanolli, the alleged New York murderer, helping police to clear up the mystery about himself... Big spots on the sun's disk. Loss by fire at Philadelphia \$500,000—Fire on Washburn avenue, Chicago... Three negroes tried for murder by a crowd of lynchers... Federation of Labor convention... Henry Abby's strange career.

By Cable—Pages 1, 2.

Lieut.-Gen. Weyler arrives at Madrid and is cheered by a few friends—The public indifferent—Friends reported to have abandoned their projected demonstration against the President's message—The insurgents in Eastern Cuba said to have asked for terms... American securities busy at London... Haytian ministry resigns. Rudini unable to form a ministry... Germany extending her field of operations in China.

At Large—Pages 1, 2, 3.

Dispatches were also received from Chicago, Philadelphia, New York, Denver, Paris, New Orleans, Washington, San Francisco and other places.

SPECIFICATIONS

FOR THE

Deep-water Harbor, San Pedro, California.

ADVERTISEMENT.

U. S. ENGINEER OFFICE.
Flood Building, San Francisco, Cal., Dec. 10, 1897.
Sealed proposals, in triplicate, for construction of breakwater at San Pedro, Cal., will be received here until 12 noon, Pacific Coast time, February 10, 1898, and then publicly opened. Information furnished on application.
CHAS. E. L. B. DAVIS,
Major, Corps of Engineers.

SPECIFICATIONS.

[The sketches or diagrams herein referred to will be reproduced, in all essential particulars, in THE TIMES of tomorrow.]

GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS TO BIDDERS.

- The attention of bidders is especially invited to the acts of Congress approved February 22, 1885, and February 23, 1887, as printed in vol. 23, page 332, and vol. 24, page 414, United States Statutes at Large, which prohibit the importation of foreigners and aliens, under contract or agreement, to perform labor in the United States or Territories or the District of Columbia.
- Preference will be given to articles or materials of domestic production, conditions of quality and price being equal, including in the price of foreign articles the duty thereon.
- Maps of the localities may be seen at this office. Bidders, or their authorized agents, are expected to visit the place, and to make their own estimates of the facilities and difficulties attending the execution of the work, including the uncertainty of weather and all other contingencies.
- No proposal will be considered unless accompanied by a guaranty in manner and form as directed in these instructions.
- All bids and guaranties must be made in triplicate, upon printed forms to be obtained at this office.
- The guaranty attached to each copy of the bid must be signed by two responsible guarantors, to be certified as good and sufficient guarantors by a Judge or Clerk of United States Court, United States District Attorney, United States Commissioner, or Judge or Clerk of a State court of record, with the seal of said court attached.
- A firm as such will not be accepted as surety, nor a partner for a co-partner or firm of which he is a member. Stockholders who are not officers of a corporation may be accepted as sureties for such corporation. Sureties must be citizens of the United States.
- Each signature to guaranties and bonds shall have affixed to it an adhesive seal. All signatures to proposals, guaranties, contracts, and bonds should be written out in full, and each signature to guaranties, contracts and bonds should be attested by at least one witness, and, when practicable, by a separate witness to each signature.
- Each guarantor will justify in the sum of one hundred and fifty thousand (\$150,000) dollars. The liability of the guarantors and bidders is determined by the Act of March 3, 1883, 22 Statutes, 487, chap. 120, and is expressed in the guaranty attached to the bid.
- A proposal by a person who affixes to his signature the word "president," "secretary," "agent," or other designation, without disclosing his principal, is the proposal of the individual. That by a corporation should be signed with the name of the corporation, followed by the signature of the president, secretary, or other person authorized to bind it in the matter, who should file evidence of his authority to do so. That by a firm should be signed with the firm name, either by a member thereof or by its agent, giving the names of all members of the firm.
- The place of residence of every bidder, and post office address, with county and State, must be given after his signature.
- All prices must be written as well as expressed in figures.
- The liability of the guarantors and bidders is determined by the Act of March 3, 1883, 22 Statutes, 487, chap. 120, and is expressed in the guaranty attached to the bid.
- The specifications, all of which can be obtained at this office on application by mail or in person, must be securely attached to each copy of the proposal, and be considered as comprising a part of it.
- Proposals must be prepared without assistance from any person employed in or belonging to the military service of the United States or employed under this office.
- No bidder will be informed, directly or indirectly, of the name of any person intending to bid or not to bid, or to whom information in respect to proposals may have been given.
- Anyone signing the proposal as the agent of another or others must file with it legal evidence of his authority to do so.
- All blank spaces in the proposal and bond must be filled in, and no change shall be made in the phraseology of the proposal, or addition to the items mentioned hereon. Any conditions, limitations, or provisions attached to proposals will be liable to render them informal, and cause their rejection.
- Alterations by erasure or interlineation must be explained or noted in the proposal over the signature of the bidder.
- If a bidder wishes to withdraw his proposal he may do so before the time fixed for the opening, without prejudice to himself, by communicating his purpose in writing to the officer who holds it, and, when reached, it shall be handed to him or his authorized agent, stamped.
- Reasonable grounds for supposing that any bidder is interested in more than one bid for the same item will cause the rejection of all bids in which he is interested.
- No bids received after the time set for opening of proposals will be considered.
- The proposals and guaranties must be placed in a sealed envelope marked "Proposals for Breakwater at San Pedro Harbor, Cal.," and inclosed in another sealed envelope addressed to Major Chas. E. L. B. Davis, Corps of Engineers, U. S. Army. The outer envelope must be so indorsed as to indicate before being opened the particular work for which the bid is made.
- The United States reserves the right to reject any and all bids, and to waive any informality in the bids received; also to disregard the bid of any failing bidder or contractor known as such to the Engineer Department.
- The bidder to whom award is made will be required to enter into written contract with the United States, with good and approved security, in an amount of three hundred thousand (\$300,000) dollars, within ten (10) days after being notified of the acceptance of his proposal.
- The contract which the bidder and guarantors promise to enter into shall be, in its general provisions, in the form adopted and in use by the Engineer Department of the Army, blank forms of which can be inspected at this office, and will be awarded, if desired, to parties proposing to put in bids. Parties making bids are to be understood as accepting the terms and conditions contained in such form of contract.
- The sureties are to make and subscribe affidavits of justification on the back of the bond to the contract, and they must jointly justify in double the amount of the penalty.
- Bidders are invited to be present at the opening of the bids.

GENERAL CONDITIONS.

- A copy of this advertisement, specifications, and instructions will be attached to the contract and form a part of it.
- The contractor should, within ten days from the award of the contract, furnish the office with the post office address to which communications should be sent.
- Transfers of contracts, or of interests in contracts, are prohibited by law.
- The contractor will not be allowed to take advantage of any error or omission in these specifications, as full instructions will always be given should such error or omission be discovered.
- The decision of the Engineer Officer in charge as to quality and quantity shall be final.
- It is understood and agreed that the quantities given are approximate only, and it must be understood that no claim shall be made against the United States on account of any excess or deficiency, absolute or relative, in the same. Bidders are expected to examine the drawings, and are invited to make the estimate of quantities for themselves.
- PAYMENTS.—The work is to be done under the following provisions of the River and Harbor Act of June 3, 1896:
"For a deep water harbor for commerce and of refuge at Port Los Angeles, in Santa Monica Bay, California, or at San Pedro, in said State, the location of said harbor to be determined by an officer of the Navy, to be detailed by the Secretary of the Navy, an officer of the Coast and Geodetic Survey, to be detailed by the Superintendent of said Survey and three experienced civil engineers, skilled in riparian work, to be appointed by the President, who shall constitute a board, and who shall personally examine said harbors, the decision of a majority of which shall be final as to the location of said harbor. It shall be the duty of said Board to make plans, specifications, and estimates for said improvement. Whenever said Board shall have settled the location and made report to the Secretary of War of the same, with said plans, specifications, and estimates, then the Secretary of War may make contracts for the completion of the improvement of the harbor so selected by said Board, according to the project reported by them, at a cost not exceeding in the aggregate two million nine hundred thousand dollars."
- Section 5. That under the authority to make contracts for materials and work, under the provisions of this act, in addition to the sums appropriated herein, the Secretary of War shall not obligate the Government to pay, in any one fiscal year, beginning July first, eighteen hundred and ninety-seven, more than four hundred thousand dollars upon the said contracts for any one of the works herein placed under the contract system, except as herein otherwise specifically authorized to do; Provided, any part of the annual allotment herein

provided for not earned and paid for material furnished or work done in one fiscal year, may be paid for material furnished and work done under the contract in any subsequent fiscal year; provided further, that nothing herein contained shall be construed as to prevent the Secretary of War from making contracts for the purchase of the work placed under the contract system in such manner as may be deemed best; payments, however, to be made as stated in this section.

The report of the Board appointed in accordance with the provisions of the above quoted portion of the act will be found in Senate Ex. Doc. No. 18, 55th Congress, 1st Session.

It is expected that Congress will, in accordance with the provisions of the act, make appropriations at such times as may be necessary for work done under these specifications, to be made without interruption or delay, but the contractor must assume all risks as to the time of payments; and it is distinctly understood and agreed that the United States is in no case to be made liable for damages under or in connection with this contract on account of delay in payments on the same due to any lack of available funds. When appropriations are made available by law, payments will be made monthly for stone and concrete deposited in place and accepted up to and including the last day of the preceding month. (10) per centum of the cost of completing the total amount thus retained is equal to ten (10) per centum of the cost of completing the work remaining to be done under the contract as estimated by the Engineer Officer in charge. When this amount has been retained, no further retention shall be made from the monthly payments, and at the last monthly payment of each fiscal year such portion of the total amount retained as will then reduce it to ten (10) per centum of the cost of completing the work remaining to be done under the contract, as estimated by the Engineer Officer in charge, shall be paid to the contractor. Should payments be discontinued for a period of one year, owing to lack of funds, the total amount reserved from previous payments shall be paid to the contractor, it being understood that such payments will in no respect release the contractor from his obligations under this contract, but that the contract and accompanying bond are to remain in full force and effect, the same as if such reserved per centum had not been paid.

35. EXTENSION OF TIME.—Should the time for the completion of the contract be extended, unless such extension is made necessary by the failure of Congress to make appropriations for the work, all expenses for inspection and superintendence during the period of the extension, the same to be determined by the Engineer Officer in charge, shall be deducted from payments due, or to become due, to the contractor; provided, however, that if the party of the first part shall, in the exercise of his discretion, because of freshets, ice, or other force or violence of the elements, allow the contractor additional time in writing, as provided for in the form of contract, there shall be no deduction for the expense of inspection and superintendence for such additional time so allowed; provided, further, that nothing in these specifications shall affect the power of the party of the first part to annul the contract as provided for in the form of contract adopted and in use by the Engineer Department of the Army.

36. EXHAUSTION OF FUNDS.—In case the available funds for the payment of contractor become exhausted before the completion of the contract, the Engineer Officer in charge will give written notice to the contractor that work may be suspended; but if the contractor so elects, he may continue work under the conditions of the specifications, so long as funds for proper superintendence and inspection are available, but no longer, with the understanding, however, that no payments will be made for such work until additional funds have been provided in sufficient amount. When additional funds become available for continuing the work, the Engineer Officer in charge will give thirty (30) days' written notice to the contractor that work must be resumed.

SPECIFICATIONS FOR THE WORK.

37. LENGTH.—The total length of the breakwater at the level of mean low water will be about 5500 feet, but this length may be increased, if found practicable, without exceeding an aggregate cost of \$2,500,000.

38. DEPTH.—The depth at mean low water along the site of the work varies from twenty-four to fifty-two feet.

39. RANGE OF TIDES.—Mean, 4.1 feet; spring, 5.4 feet; neap, 2.5 feet; great tropic, 6.2 feet.

40. QUANTITY OF STONE.—The breakwater is assumed to have a cross-section of the dimensions shown on the accompanying plan. It is also assumed that each cubic yard of settled rockwork in the breakwater will contain 1.25 gross tons of stone, and that each cubic yard of superstructure will contain 1.75 gross tons of stone. Upon these assumptions the approximate amount of stone required for the construction of the breakwater, expressed in tons of 2240 pounds each, is as follows:

Substructure	2,069,623
Superstructure	221,025
Total	2,290,648

41. LOCATION.—The site of the proposed breakwater is opposite the entrance to San Pedro Harbor, and immediately east of Point Pirmin. The heaviest winds and seas are from southeast to southwest.

42. WORKING SEASON.—The working season extends through the whole year, though occasionally weather may occur during which work will be impossible. Freezing weather never occurs.

43. WORK TO BE DONE.—The work to be done consists of the construction of a breakwater below the plane of mean low water and the construction of a superstructure above the plane of mean low water, this plane being the datum plane established by the United States Coast and Geodetic Survey.

44. SUBSTRUCTURE.—The bottom along the line of the projected work will be paved with small stones, weighing not less than five (5) pounds each and up to 100 pounds. In general this layer will be about two (2) feet thick, and will be carried out about two hundred (200) yards in advance of the main work. The substructure will be formed up to the level of a plane twelve feet below mean low water by depositing stone within a width of ninety feet, of which fifty feet, outside of the established center line of the breakwater, and thirty feet shall be inside of such established center line. The stone may be dumped from bottom-dumping barges or deposited within the prescribed limits by such other method as may be approved by the Engineer Officer in charge. The specified width is the estimated width on top at an elevation twelve feet below mean low water, the stone being allowed to take its natural slope below this level.

45. SUBSTRUCTURE ABOVE PLANE OF REST.—Between mean low water and a plane twelve feet below mean low water, the stone will be deposited within a width of thirty-eight feet, of which nineteen feet shall be on each side of the established center line of the breakwater. The specified width is the estimated width on top at mean low water, the stone being allowed to take its natural slope on the harbor side of the breakwater, and being roughly placed to a slope of three horizontal to one vertical on the sea side of the breakwater. The largest stones, weighing over 4000 pounds each, shall be placed on the sea slope. The stone may be set with derrick barges, each stone being separately raised and dropped into proper position, or handled by such other method as may be approved by the Engineer Officer.

46. FINISHING OF SUBSTRUCTURE.—When completed, and after settlement, the substructure shall have a width of thirty-eight feet at the level of mean low water, and of ninety feet at a level twelve feet below mean low water, and shall have a slope of three horizontal to one vertical on the sea side, between these two elevations, and such other slopes as the mass may naturally assume. Any cavities which may be found in the slopes at any time prior to the final acceptance of the finished work must be filled, when so ordered by the Engineer Officer in charge. Before beginning the erection of the superstructure, the upper surface of the substructure shall be carefully leveled off, the cavities being filled with stone of suitable size, and otherwise of the quality specified for the substructure.

47. STONE USED IN SUBSTRUCTURE.—The stone used in the substructure above the two feet layer of small stone must be hard, durable, and not liable to disintegrate in sea water; it must weigh, when dry, at least 130 pounds per cubic foot. No stone shall weigh less than 100 pounds; not less than one-third of the total amount, by weight, contained in each load deposited must consist of stones weighing at least 1000 pounds each; and not less than one-third of the total amount, by weight, contained in each load deposited must consist of stones weighing at least 2000 pounds each. The stone must be of rough, irregular shape, in the form in which they come from the quarry; the least dimension shall not be less than one-quarter of the greatest dimension.

48. SUPERSTRUCTURE.—The superstructure will be thirty-eight feet wide at the base and twenty feet wide on top, being nine feet on the sea side, and eleven feet on the harbor side of the established center line, and will finish at an elevation fourteen feet above mean low water. It will consist of rough walls of heavy stones, the space between them being filled with stones of varying sizes, forming a compact mass, with the largest dimensions perpendicular to the axis of the breakwater, unless otherwise directed by the Engineer Officer in charge, the face of each wall being stepped and not battered. The general character of the structure is shown on the accompanying sketch.

49. STONE USED IN SUPERSTRUCTURE.—The stone used in the superstructure must be hard, durable, and not liable to disintegrate in sea water; it must weigh, when dry, at least 160 pounds per cubic foot. The stones used in constructing the wall on the sea side must weigh not less than 16,000 pounds each. The stones used in the wall on the harbor side must weigh not less than 6000 pounds each. The stones in both walls must be roughly rectangular in shape, so as to form a reasonably compact structure, with rough approximating in shape those shown on the accompanying sketch. The stones used for filling between the walls must be of the same quality, but of such sizes and shapes as may be approved by the Engineer Officer in charge. All openings in the top surface must be filled.

50. CONCRETE BLOCKS AT ENDS OF BREAKWATER.—Each end of the superstructure will be formed of a single block of concrete, forty feet square and twenty feet high; the center of this block is to be on the established center line of the breakwater, and the bottom of the block is to be three feet below, and the top seventeen feet above the plane of mean low water. The concrete shall be formed of broken stone, sand, and Portland cement, in the proportions of six parts of stone, three parts of sand, and one of cement, by volume, for the part above high water; and four parts of stone, two parts of sand, and one of cement, for the part below high water. A wooden mold shall be constructed on the substructure, in which the concrete block is to be made; this mold shall consist of sides only, the stone of the substructure shall be covered with gunny cloth, or other suitable textile material, loosely placed and over the bottom. The construction of each block shall proceed continuously, without interruption, until the whole mass is placed. The Engineer Officer in charge may authorize the substitution of gravel in place of broken stone and sand, and may prescribe such rules as he may deem advisable for the inspection and manipulation of the materials used in the concrete.

51. CEMENT.—In concrete work the cement used must be of the best quality of hydraulic Portland cement. It must be finely ground, so that at least ninety-five per cent. will pass through a No. 50 sieve. It must be packed in strong, well-made barrels, lined with tarpaper, so as to be secure from effects of air and moisture. When opened, the cement in each barrel must

be perfectly dry and free from any lumps, or other injury from moisture. Each barrel of cement must weigh not less than 400 pounds gross and 375 pounds net. The cement must not set in less than thirty minutes. It will be required to stand the following tests:

Briquettes, made of one part of cement and three parts of sand must have tensile strength, as follows:

Samples kept in air one day, and in water six days, 125 pounds.

Samples kept in air one day, and in water twenty-eight days, 200 pounds.

The sand used in preparing these briquettes must be obtained by passing samples of that actually in use by the contractor through No. 20 and No. 40 sieves, using for the tests that part of the sand which is retained by No. 40, and passes through No. 20.

Bidders must state, in particular brand, or brands, of cement they propose to use, and no other brand will be used without the express authority of the Engineer Officer in charge.

52. SAND.—Sand for concrete must be clean, sharp, and silicious; to be screened and washed, if required, by the Engineer, and otherwise to be subjected to his approval.

53. BROKEN STONE.—In case broken stone is used, it shall be hard and durable, with sharp edges, clean and free from stone dust and dirt of any kind, and must pass through a two (2) inch in any direction.

54. PAYMENTS.—The stone for both substructure and superstructure will be measured and paid for in tons of 2240 pounds. The concrete in the superstructure will be paid for by the cubic yard. No material will be paid for which is not part of the permanent structure.

55. VESSEL WEIGHTS OF STONE.—The weight of all substructure stone received by water will be determined by the displacement of the vessel in which it is received.

56. CAR WEIGHTS OF STONE.—All stone received by cars shall be weighed upon the cars upon which it is received. Each large stone intended for use in constructing the walls of the superstructure shall be weighed singly at the point of shipment, after having marked on it, in at least two places, plainly and permanently, with paint numbers, indicating the serial number of the stone. The contractor shall furnish, at his own expense, all necessary facilities and labor for weighing such cars and stones.

57. GAUGING VESSELS.—The vessels in which the stone is received shall be weighed and marked by legally-sworn weighers, when first used. Sworn certificates and detailed descriptions of the marks shall be furnished by the weigher at the expense of the contractor. Any vessel shall be reweighed whenever required by the Engineer Officer in charge, and in case of disagreement as to weights or measurements, his decision shall be final.

58. SUPERVISION.—Stone, in matters of quality, size, weight, marking, depositing, and handling, shall, at all times, be subject to the inspection and approval of the Engineer Officer in charge, or his agents, and the work shall be conducted in strict accordance with the instructions given by him, or them, from time to time. No material will be paid for which has not been accepted and deposited in accordance with these specifications.

59. LAYING OUT OF WORK.—The precise location of the work will be fixed by the Engineer in charge, or his agents; the line will be marked by ranges, pipes, stakes, or other suitable marks, to be subject to the United States, but in case these marks are removed or destroyed, the contractor must furnish any assistance in his power in replacing them, without charge to the United States.

60. POSITION OF VESSELS.—The vessels from which stone is deposited in the substructure must be moored in position under the direction of the Engineer Officer in charge, or his agents, before depositing is commenced. The buoys, or other appliances for mooring, must be established and maintained by the contractor.

61. LIGHTS.—During the progress of the work the contractor must keep suitable lights from sunset to sunrise upon all his vessels anchored at or in the vicinity of the work; he must maintain on the work, at his own expense, such lights as the Engineer Officer in charge may direct. The United States will not be responsible for any accident which may occur to the contractor's plant, to passing vessels, or to any property whatever during the progress of the work.

62. ORDER OF WORK.—The work will be begun by the construction of the substructure at the west end of the breakwater, where the stone will be raised to the level of mean low water as rapidly as possible, the paving layer of two (2) feet having been first laid in accordance with Section 44, and the substructure will then be continued along the line of the breakwater until the east end is reached.

63. WORK ON SUPERSTRUCTURE.—No portion of the superstructure will be erected until the substructure on which it is placed has been completed at least six months, and any settlement must be corrected by leveling up the substructure before beginning work on the superstructure. In general, the superstructure will be built in the same order as the substructure, but the concrete blocks shall be completed before the rock superstructure immediately adjacent to them is out in.

64. ADDITIONAL STONE.—The Engineer Officer in charge shall have the right to order additional stone to be placed in such position as may, in his judgment, be expedient to provide for settlement or to strengthen the work against special local exposure.

65. TIME OF WORKING.—No work on the breakwater shall be done between the hours of sunset and sunrise, upon Sundays or legal holidays, except by special authority of the Engineer in charge.

66. OBJECTIONABLE EMPLOYEES.—The contractor will be required to discharge any agent or employee whose conduct is unsatisfactory to the Engineer Officer in charge, and such employee shall not again be employed upon the work.

67. TRANSPORTATION OF GOVERNMENT AGENTS.—The contractor shall furnish transportation and all facilities to the agents of the United States in measuring and inspecting all materials, plant, quarries, and the work. He shall also furnish the agents with suitable sleeping accommodations and meals, if necessary and required, at reasonable prices, approved by the Engineer Officer in charge, to be paid for by the United States.

68. DESCRIPTION OF QUARRIES.—Bidders shall describe, on the form of proposal hereto appended, the names, locations, and estimated outputs of the quarries from which they propose to furnish the stone for the work. Stone furnished from quarries not named in the proposal will not be accepted, unless authorized by the Engineer Officer in charge.

69. PROPOSALS.—Bidders will state, on the form of proposal hereto appended, a price per ton for stone placed in the foundation layer, a price per ton for stone placed in substructure, a price per ton for stone placed in superstructure, and a price per cubic yard for concrete used in the blocks at the ends of the breakwater. Bidders will also state what reduction per ton they will make for stone in foundation, substructure, and superstructure, provided permission be given them to quarry such stone on the Government reservation on San Clemente Island.

70. CANVASS OF BIDS.—In canvassing bids it will be assumed that 130,020 gross tons will be used in foundation, superstructure, and substructure, 221,025 gross tons in superstructure, and 2370 cubic yards of concrete in the end blocks.

71. COMMENCEMENT AND COMPLETION OF THE WORK.—No funds are now available. The contractor will be required to begin work within thirty (30) days after notification that funds are available, and shall prosecute the work so as to earn each year the amount available.

72. ANNULMENT OF CONTRACT.—If no appropriation is made by Congress for this work for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1899, any contract entered into under these specifications shall be annulled.

The maps are signed officially by Rear-Admiral J. G. Walker, chairman of the board.

[Accompanying the specifications are blank forms headed, respectively, "Proposal for Construction of Breakwater at San Pedro, Cal.," and "Guaranty to Accompany Proposal."]

HERE IS THE "SETTLER."

FULL OPINION OF THE COMPTROLLER'S OFFICE.

For the benefit of the Secretary of War in the San Pedro Harbor Case—Assistant Comptroller Bowers' Clear Statement of the Law.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT.

Office of Comptroller of the Treasury.

WASHINGTON (D. C.) Nov. 23, 1897.

To the Honorable the Secretary of War—Sir: I have by your direction the letter of the Chief of Engineers of the 19th inst., in reference to the appropriation in the river and harbor act of June 3, 1896, for a deep-water harbor at San Pedro, California.

The question specifically submitted by the Chief of Engineers is this: "I have the honor to request your decision whether the balance of \$13,561.50 now remaining from the \$50,000 appropriated by the act of June 3, 1896, (29 Stat., 213), can be legally expended in the necessary preliminary operations to place the contemplated work under contract, and to expend it in contract work and superintendence."

The appropriation in question, after providing for the creation and membership of a board to determine at which of these two places this deep-water harbor should be located and its duties, provides:

"Whenever said board shall have settled the location and made report to the Secretary of War of the same, with said plans, specifications and estimates, then the Secretary of War may make contracts for the completion of the im-

provement of the harbor so selected by said board according to the project reported by them, at a cost not exceeding in the aggregate \$2,500,000, and \$50,000 is hereby appropriated, so much thereof as may be recommended by the board for the expenses of the board and payment of the civil engineers for their services, the amount to be determined by the Secretary of War, provided, however, that if the board hereby constituted, as in this section provided, shall determine in favor of the construction of a breakwater at Port Los Angeles, no expenditure of any part of the money hereby appropriated shall be made, nor shall any contract for the construction of such breakwater be entered into, until the Southern Pacific Company, or the owner or owners thereof, shall execute an agreement to file the same with the Secretary of War that any railroad company, or companies, which have been selected by the Secretary of War for the construction of a breakwater at Port Los Angeles, said Southern Pacific Company, shall not be permitted to do so."

From the facts as stated it appears that this board has performed the duties imposed upon it and that, in pursuance now of its recommendations, you desire to proceed with the work to the extent of advertising, printing specifications, etc., with a view of entering into contracts with the contractors who are specifically authorized to do by the terms of this act. You propose to meet these necessary expenses from the balance of \$13,561.50 remaining out of the \$50,000 appropriated in this act. I am clearly of the opinion that you have authority to so incur these expenses, and that the same are payable out of this balance.

This \$50,000 is an absolute appropriation, available for any purpose connected with this work and treated, in my opinion, as a part of the total contemplated cost of the work, \$2,500,000. It may be expended in any way that the remaining \$2,500,000, if appropriated, might be expended, and in addition to

that it is also available for meeting the expenses of the board and the payment of civil engineers as authorized in the act. The appropriation of so large a sum, it seems to me, as \$50,000 evidently contemplated the payment, for only of the expenses of the board, but of all other necessary incidental expenses in entering into the contracts necessary for the execution of the improvement of the harbor when selected. To give any other construction to this appropriation is to ignore the provisions above quoted, prohibiting the "expenditure of the money hereby appropriated" for the construction of this breakwater until the Southern Pacific Railroad Company met certain conditions. This proviso assumes that an appropriation has been made which is available for this work, after the board has completed its labors, and it seems to me, shows the intent of Congress to have been to treat this appropriation of \$50,000 as the first of a series of appropriations, until the total sum to be expended in the work is reached. The Secretary of War has been authorized to enter into contracts to \$2,500,000, and the amount expended by the board and for preliminary expenses, in behalf of the government in the execution of this work, and these contracts will be binding obligations of the government when made. To give any other construction to this act would be in part to nullify the evident intent of Congress, and this work should be prosecuted under the authority of this appropriation.

Respectfully yours,

EDWARD A. BOWERS,
Assistant Comptroller.

WYLER IN MADRID.

A FEW FRIENDS MEET TO GIVE HIM AN "OVATION."

The Public Appears Indifferent to the Butcher's Return—He Talks of the United States—Blanco's Condolences to President McKinley.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, Dec. 12.—[By Atlantic Cable.] Lieut. Gen. Wyler arrived here this afternoon. He was received at the railway platform by Gen. Azcaraga, former Premier; Gen. Borroero, former commander of the army corps, and by a number of representative Carlists, Conservativists and Robletoists. As he alighted from the train he cheered him, and then carried him shoulder-high to the entrance of the railway station, where he took a carriage. There was no further incident, the public appearing indifferent.

A few friends, including Senor Robledo, accompanied him to his apartments. About a hundred people had collected, but disappeared almost immediately after he entered the building. The partisans of Gen. Wyler pretend that a crowd of 2000 people tendered him an ovation with shouts of "Long live Wyler," "Death to the Yankees," and the like. He will be received by the Queen Regent tomorrow.

El Correo Espanol says the Carlists have abandoned their projected demonstration against President McKinley's message to Congress, as they have not been able to agree on the subject.

It is alleged the insurgents in Eastern Cuba have asked the government to withdraw its troops from the island of autonomy, with a view of coming to terms.

WYLER TALKS.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

MADRID, Dec. 12.—Gen. Wyler, in the course of an interview, expressed the pleasure it had given him to find, from the demonstrations accorded him, that the glorious traditions of the Spanish race were not dead, and that it was still ready for sacrifices in defense of the honor of the nation and the army.

He knew, he said, that the Canovas Cabinet in August last gave the Washington government to understand that it was the nation's will to pursue his (Wyler's) policy in Cuba until the rebellion should be suppressed without delay, to an interference.

He failed to understand how the United States, silent before the declaration of Canovas, now adopted in President McKinley's message, a tone insulting to Spain and the Spanish army.

BLANCO'S CONDOLENCES.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

HAVANA, Dec. 12.—Marshall Blanco has called to Senor de Lome, Spanish Minister at Washington, a request that structure all his condolences to President McKinley on the death of Mrs. McKinley, the President's mother.

Gen. Pando and his staff are still with the gunboat Diego and Velasquez that are engaged in removing the wreck of the gunboat Relampago, which was dynamited some months ago near the mouth of the Rio de Caño, and are clearing away other obstacles interfering with navigation, while also protecting the work of constructing ports at that point.

There are persistent rumors here that Gen. Rabi will accept autonomy.

ZANOLI LENDS A HAND.

HELPS TO CLEAR UP SOME OF THE MYSTERY ABOUT HIMSELF.

The Alleged Murderer Still Professes Innocence of Pool Deeds. His Knowledge of Medical Things—Child Lena Werna is Alive.

[ASSOCIATED PRESS NIGHT REPORT.]

NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Charles Zanoli, who is suspected of having killed four of his wives and three other persons for the purpose of collecting insurance money on their lives, is still a prisoner at police headquarters. He continues his protestations of innocence of the four deaths. In his conversation Zanoli expresses himself as being more than ready to help in clearing up the solution of all doubtful questions, and Chief Detective McCuskey acknowledges that the prisoner had offered him assistance in clearing up some of the details of the investigation which have cost much time and trouble.

The police have learned that the young woman who had been selected by Zanoli as his fifth wife, just before his arrest on Thursday last, is Barbara Hoffman, 25 years of age, a resident of Brooklyn, who had answered an advertisement of Zanoli under the name of C. Wagner.

Zanoli has a smattering knowledge of medical things which he gained in his apprenticeship for the trade of barber in Germany. He is able to pull teeth and to perform the operation known as cupping, and is familiar with the blister raised after the cupping process. It is possible, Chief McCuskey thinks, that he may be possessed of the same general knowledge of deadly drugs.

The police are now satisfied that Zanoli did not make away with the child Lena Werna, daughter of one of the prisoner's dead wives. The girl is now in Germany with relatives. The body of Jennie Schlesinger, the fourth wife, will be exhumed tomorrow.

Policeman William J. Coghlan, and a Pole named Baslow, whom the officer was attempting to place under arrest, were both fatally shot yesterday.

FLEE FROM FAMINE!

THOUSAND MEN TURN THEIR BACKS ON KLONDIKE.

Arrival of Steamers Bella and Weare Did not Relieve the Conditions at Dawson.

PROSPECTORS POOL PROVISIONS

THEN DRAW LOTS TO SEE WHO SHOULD LEAVE THE CAMP.

Distressing Letters Brought to Victoria by the City of Topeka—The Next Boat Should Bring Some of the Returning Army.

[BY DIRECT WIRE TO THE TIMES.]

VICTORIA (B. C.), Dec. 12.—[Exclusive Dispatch.] The distress at Dawson City caused by the shortage of provisions and everything else, with the exception of gold, was not relieved to an appreciable extent by the arrival in October of the steamers Bella and Weare. Just before the departure from Juneau of the steamer City of Topeka, which arrived here this morning, an old Indian mail-carrier, Auk, arrived from Dawson. He reports that fully 1000 men, if not more, are strung along the trail from the metropolis of Klondike to salt water. They are all fleeing from starvation, which is now more threatening than ever.

From the Indian himself not much information could be obtained, but the letters that he brought out are sufficient to make those who have friends in the interior of the far northern country feel anxious for them, and were the means of making a number of people who had started for Dawson turn their faces southward. One of these was Rene Lepoux of Kelly & Co., druggists of Skaguay and Dawson. He received a letter from E. W. Pullin of Seattle, who recently went into the interior. Perhaps Pullin is looking on the blue

side, but he speaks as though he might not see his friends again.

In his letter, Pullin says that after the government officials had posted their bulletin warning the miners to get out of the country, if they valued their lives, many of the men pooled what provisions they had, and drew lots to decide who were to remain for the winter and who were to attempt the trip to Fort Yukon or the coast. It was a question as to who were taking the greatest risks, those who remained and set their minds on spending several months on short rations, or those who faced a hard thirty days' trip with just enough provisions to last them.

In this way the population was thinned out somewhat, some who had to go starting for Fort Yukon, and others for the coast. Others, who started out for Fort Yukon, hoping to get back to Dawson with supplies. Of course, all this will relieve the conditions, but even at best there will be much suffering, for in that cold climate men have to be well fed. Pullin gives some prices which provisions now demand in Dawson, but he does not say they can be bought even at the high prices quoted. Flour is worth from \$75 to \$100 for a fifty-pound sack; beans, \$1.50 a pound; candles, \$1.50 each, and very few of them at that, and fresh fish \$1.25 per pound, and scarce. Cooking utensils, too, are none too plentiful, the men satisfying themselves with pieces of tin for frying pans, old tin cans for other cooking purposes.

The next boat from the north should bring the advance guard of this army of men, many of whom, a few weeks ago, thought they were favored, because they had succeeded in getting to Dawson when so many had failed, but despite all that, the bad news, which has been circulated around Skaguay and Dyea and along the trails leading to the lakes where many men are camped, waiting for Lake Bennett to completely freeze over, is not sufficient to deter all from giving up the trip. Most of the men would listen to the news and then go on with their preparations. Of course they are taking in lots of provisions, and perhaps this may help those who are already there, but there is a long winter ahead, and it is hard to say what it will bring forth. One thing is certain, this stampede from Dawson will greatly lessen the output of the mines this winter.

MISCELLANEOUS—

HOTEL WESTMINSTER—

Thoroughly Remodeled and Refurnished. Electric Light and Steam Heat in Every Room. Strictly First-class.

F. O. JOHNSON, Prop.

CARBONS AND PLATINOTYPES—

Sittings for pictures had this week will be finished for Christmas.

Fourteen Medals. Studio 224 S. Spring St. opposite Hollenbeck.

CHRISTMAS MONEY—Gold and Silver.

Collect your old and broken jewelry and silverware and get U. S. Mint prices for them in CASH from Smith & Irving, Gold Refiners and Assayers, office room 8, 128 North Main St., Tel. Brown 313.

Beautiful Xmas Present

Oldest established and best equipped photographic studio in the city. Highest medals awarded. 107 N. SPRING ST. LOS ANGELES.

SUNSET LIMITED—TO ST. LOUIS AND CHICAGO—Leaves Los Angeles Tuesday and Friday, 10:30 a.m. Runs via El Paso and Fort Worth. Southern Pacific Co. Ticket Office, 229 S. Spring St.

Apples—JUST RECEIVED ANOTHER SHIPMENT OF FANCY APPLES—ALL varieties—We buy in large quantities—Our prices the lowest.

ALHOUZE FRUIT CO., 213-215 W. Second St. Tel. Red 1072. Choice Cut Flowers, Decorative and House Plants, Floral Designs.

Redondo Carnations—AND CHOICE ROSES—Flowers are packed for shipping.

B. F. COLLINS, Tel. 110, 311 S. Spring St.

THE CHICAGO HAIR PARLORS—Shampooing, Hair Dressing and Manicuring.

Hair Chains. MRS. PARTHENA MINIHAN, 120 1/2 S. Spring St., Los Angeles.



Another beautiful Sunday for outdoor sports was yesterday. From the time the sun tipped over the mountains in the morning until it dropped behind the hills at night, it shone brightly from atop a sky with scarcely a cloud. Nor was it too warm to keep moving about in the open, as a constant breeze, growing stronger toward the noon-tide, tempered the heat to a comfortable degree. Los Angeles people accepted the weather as a matter of course.

The result was that the sports in the open, coursing at Agricultural Park and baseball at Fiesta Park, were well patronized, and over the mountains received their money's worth.

During holiday week there will be no end of outdoor sport, weather permitting. There will be coursing at Agricultural Park, and on the new field on the Santa Monica car line. There will be at least one and may be two games of football at Athletic or Fiesta parks, and also a game of baseball. The outlook is excellent for good contests.

The Coursing.

About 2500 people witnessed the coursing at Agricultural Park yesterday. The sport was excellent, the rabbits being an exceptionally fast lot, and in almost every race taking a course that led past the grand stand. Over half the rabbits beat the dogs to escapes, and this also pleased the people. A larger number of ladies than ever before graced the grand stand, and one or two races set the handkerchiefs flying, while the men swung their hats and cheered.

The dogs were very evenly matched throughout, and the pools did a thriving business. There was complaint over one race only and those who thought the decision wrong will, by reading the detailed description of it below, understand their error.

It was an eighteen-dog race, and in the run off the dogs and owners were as follows:

Innocent Daisy.....A. McElrath
Sailor Girl.....J. Wilson
Linnie Lightning.....J. Wilson
Romeo.....J. Oshes
Speedwell.....J. D. Bethune
Gabriella.....J. D. Bethune
Wanda.....H. Penning
Frisco.....P. Brutis
Fritz.....Bert Gerden
Klondike.....William Cota
Flying Jib.....J. Stoen
Fleetfoot.....J. D. Morrill
Fleetfoot.....J. D. Morrill
Sailor Girl.....J. Spiker
Caesar.....Paul Baker
Queen B.....William Powers
Juliet.....B. N. Smith, Jr.
Poker Davis.....J. Wilson
Innocent Daisy failed to show, and the first race was made the third. Sailor Girl running a bye with Helper. The other contests resulted as follows: Romeo beat Linnie, 10 to 2; Gabriella beat Speedwell, 10 to 4; Wanda and Frisco ran a tie, 5 to 5, and in the run off Frisco won, 11 to 7; Fritz beat Klondike, 5 to 1; Flying Jib beat Fleetfoot, 12 to 7; Fleetfoot beat Sailor Girl, 9 to 4; Queen B. beat Caesar, 14 to 1; Juliet beat Poker Davis, 10 to 2.

In the first tie Romeo and Gabriella won and the latter won, 8 to 5. It was this race that gave dissatisfaction. The rabbit ran into a corner of the field near the escapes and it was there the dogs did most of their work. The details of this race were as follows: Romeo leaped from slips, scoring two points, makes a wrench, scoring one point more. Gabriella then takes the hare and makes two squares, turning scoring four points; makes two wrenches, scoring two points. The score now stood, Gabriella, 6; Romeo, 5. The hare made for escape, Gabriella scoring two wrenches before it got away, making the score 8 to 5 in her favor.

Sailor Girl beat Frisco, 7 to 3; Fritz ran a bye as Flying Jib came in lame from the first run; Queen B. beat Fleetfoot, 10 to 2; Juliet ran a bye. In the second tie Sailor Girl beat Gabriella, 8 to 4; Queen B. beat Fritz, 7 to 5, and it was a pretty race; Juliet ran a bye.

When the third tie came there were only Sailor Girl, Queen B. and Juliet left, three of the fastest dogs in this part of the state. Sailor Girl upset Queen B. ran the latter winning, 9 to 6, and Juliet ran a bye in order to meet the winner.

During the rest for the final, Innocent Daisy ran a friendly match against Polly and was beaten.

Sailor Girl had won third money and it was Queen B. and Juliet for first and second. The Queen was a favorite in the betting, although Juliet had many friends. It was getting dark and the race was hurried in order to give both dogs and spectators a chance. It was a great race, but Juliet won against Queen B. by 8 to 6, taking first money. In justice to Queen B. it must be said that she was out of training for fast races was naturally beaten by a good dog who had run four byes. There will be a race worth seeing when Queen B. and Juliet meet on Christmas day.

It was announced that for Christmas day and Sunday following the racing would be for a \$100 purse, with no entrance fee, and that entries may be filed at any time with the secretary at No. 143 South Broadway.

Hereafter races will be run so that the finals will not be later than 5 o'clock in the evening, and it is likely there will also lay in a larger supply of wind, so there will be more music.

Baseball.

There was a large attendance at the All America-Baltimore baseball game at Fiesta Park yesterday, but somehow the crowds will not enthrust over exhibition ball, and it is likely the local management will hereafter confine itself to home teams or teams from neighboring towns. When people know that it makes no difference to the clubs which one wins, it takes from the sport much of the zest, even though the opposing sides play good ball.

Experts who are unbiased say that neither of the games played by the visiting teams was as good as the Seventh Regiment-Tribune game played a week ago. The score yesterday, 9 to 8, was close enough to indicate some good playing, but, as stated, the crowd did

not enthrust. The following is the score in detail:

BALTIMORE.									
	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.			
Doyle, 1b.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Jennings, ss.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Smith, 2b.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Kelly, 3b.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Donavan, rf.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Smith, lf.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Pond, cf.	5	0	0	3	1	0			
Horton, p.	4	1	0	1	3	0			
Clark, c.	4	1	0	1	3	0			
Total	39	1	0	20	17	0			

ALL-AMERICANS.									
	AB.	R.	H.	PO.	A.	E.			
Burkett, cf.	5	1	1	2	0	0			
Hastings, rf.	5	0	0	1	0	0			
Dahl, lf.	5	0	0	1	0	0			
Stahl, 1b.	4	1	2	3	1	0			
Lebeau, 2b.	5	1	1	0	0	0			
Donahoe, c.	3	1	0	1	2	0			
O'Brien, 3b.	5	1	1	0	0	0			
Powell, p.	3	1	1	0	1	0			
Total	39	8	11	26	20	0			

SCORE BY INNINGS.

Baltimore.....	1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
All-Americans.....	0 0 0 4 1 1 1 2 3

SUMMARY.

Earned runs—Baltimore, 4; All-Americans, 4. Home runs—Jennings, Burkett, Dahl and Smith. Three-base hits—Jennings and O'Brien. Two-base hits—Doyle, Jennings, Kelly and Stahl. Bases on balls—O'Powell, 2; of Horton, 3. Struck out—Horton, 1; by Horton, 1. Double plays—Jennings to Doyle, 2; Stahl to Donahoe to Collins. Time—1b. 45m.

Something new in baseball will be announced in a day or two for the holidays, and if the good weather continues there will be some visiting teams from nearby cities and towns to lend additional interest to the sport.

Football.

For the first time this season a University of Southern California football team has been "scored on." The varsity second eleven was compelled to lower its colors to the Pasadena High School players at Pasadena Saturday afternoon. The score, 8 to 0, made on two touchdowns in the first half, was the result of the splendid end running the Pasadena backs and ends. The S.C. line was heavier and stronger than the High School line, and successfully resisted the attempts of the High School men to buck it, but the end runs of the Pasadena team. The U.S.C. team was strengthened by the addition of two first team men in the second half. Several of the High School men were also "outside" players. The line-up was as follows:

U.S.C. left end, Pasadena; right end, Pasadena; left tackle, Stevens; right tackle, Stevens; center, McGee; left guard, McGee; right guard, McGee; full back, McGee; half back, McGee; quarterback, McGee; running back, McGee; punter, McGee; kicker, McGee. Pasadena left end, Leland; right end, Hadley; left tackle, Stevens; right tackle, Stevens; center, McGee; left guard, McGee; right guard, McGee; full back, McGee; half back, McGee; quarterback, McGee; running back, McGee; punter, McGee; kicker, McGee.

Time of game, 25 and 30-minute halves.

Score—Pasadena High School, 8; U.S.C. second eleven, 0.

The Crackjacks and the Rustlers played a game of football Saturday on the Y.M.C.A. gridiron that resulted in a score of 12 to 4 for the Crackjacks. The features of the game were the playing of Woodbury of the Crackjacks, and Marshall, Heidelberg and Hollingworth for the Rustlers. The line-up was as follows:

Crackjacks.

Stanford left end, O'Melveny; right end, Hopper; left tackle, North; right tackle, North; center, McLean; left guard, Woodbury; right guard, Woodbury; full back, Harris; half back, Gaumer; quarterback, Gaumer; running back, Gaumer; punter, Gaumer; kicker, Gaumer.

Rustlers.

Stanford left end, O'Melveny; right end, Hopper; left tackle, North; right tackle, North; center, McLean; left guard, Woodbury; right guard, Woodbury; full back, Harris; half back, Gaumer; quarterback, Gaumer; running back, Gaumer; punter, Gaumer; kicker, Gaumer.

Line-men—Cook and Lloyd.

Time of game, 25 and 30-minute halves.

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posure, the frictional loss is from 10 to 40 per cent. Bevel gears, enclosed, show less friction than a dirty chain, according to the professor, but more than the clean chain. The experiments of Prof. Baisley, after Maxwells, do with the conversion of cycle makers to the idea of adopting the enclosed chain model and the facts are interesting for all riders to ponder. They certainly seem to demonstrate the wisdom of adopting gear cases for chain wheels and the prejudices of riders are fast disappearing. Clear case inventions have been exceedingly prolific in this country since the American gear-case made its first appearance at the Chicago show last January. Improvements have been made rapidly and today America is as far ahead of England in the line as it is in the matter of rims and spokes. Several manufacturers are still importing English cases, but the riders in this locality seem to pass them by in favor of the American article. It is only necessary to call to mind the rubber-tube connection with a gas burner, after Maxwells, to see that rubber is the only substance capable of forming a perfectly tight connection.

Boxing.

On Friday night next before the Manhattan Athletic Club, Bob Thompson of Salt Lake and Ben Maxwell of Stockton, both colored, meet in a fifteen-round go for a percentage of the gate receipts.

Both men are well known as game boxers, and no one imagines the bout will last the number of rounds expected. The men are in training, and are working hard. So far as a choice between them, the bout being at catch weights, it is a toss-up. Maxwell is probably the cleverer boxer of the two, but he is not as hard a hitter, nor as great a rusher as Thompson, who is noted for his ability to take punishment and give it when he gets a chance. As a preliminary to the "event of the evening," Herbert Swifty (colored) of Phoenix, Arizona, will have a ten-round bout with ten rounds recently, will box with Bob Jones, a local colored welterweight. Swifty is hunting a match with Hank Griffin of this city, and if he shows up well will probably get it.

IN THE OIL FIELDS.

BOYLE HEIGHTS TERRITORY MAY BE ABANDONED.

Big Sales by Oil Producers' Trusts—Development in Eastern and Western Extensions—Review of Exploitation in Whittier District.

A dead calm has followed the excitement that characterized the uncovering of a stray streak of oil sand in the western section of Boyle Heights, near the junction of St. and York streets. This sand was reached at a depth of about 550 feet, and was, apparently, very rich in petroleum. After the "head" was pumped off at the well, much disappointment followed the discovery that the sand was less than five feet in thickness, and that the oil would be quickly exhausted. Scott & Loftus, the exploiters, thought it possible that valuable oil strata would be uncovered at a greater depth, and resumed drilling operations, only to be confronted by a heavy flow of water at a depth of 830 feet. The water-bed was in true oil-sand formation, but the inrush of water at some former period had washed the petroleum out of it. Hoping to find a second oil sand profile in the sought-for treasure, drilling operations were continued with renewed vigor. Had the drill penetrated this sand and hung up on rock or other resistant stratum, the operations would have ceased for well No. 2 of Dr. Lamb's development at the northwest corner of Bonnie Brae street and Ocean View avenue. The drill was started in this well last Thursday.

WHITTIER OIL FIELD.

There are now five producing oil wells in this territory. All of these are owned by the Central Oil Company.

WASHINGTON WAS KILLED!

Some Unpublished Facts About His Last Illness

and the Lesson They Convey to Men and Women of the Present Day.

It is not generally known that General Washington was killed in a most cruel and barbarous manner, but it is, nevertheless, a fact. At the time of his death, Washington was in his sixty-third year, a strong, robust man. On December 12, 1799, he contracted a severe cold and pneumonia threatened. Two doctors were summoned, and in accordance with the absurd custom of those days, he was bled to death. He died that same day, not from disease, but actually from loss of blood. He was killed by ignorance.

In these days, any doctor who treated a patient as Washington was treated would be indicted for manslaughter. The world has moved since then, and there has been a complete revolution in the practice of medicine. Instead of lowering the vital forces by bleeding the blood, advanced physicians endeavor to build up the strength of their patients. They employ only the latest and most scientific remedies.

EASTERN EXTENSION.

Oil development is being vigorously prosecuted at both ends of the eastern extension. At the west end of this new territory, several drilling rigs are in operation. Parker & Erick are putting in a rig farthest west, their new site being at the northwest corner of the junction of Ramona avenue and the main street. They have secured two lots there and may drill three or four wells upon them. They have a drill at the well No. 1, at the southeast corner of Ramona avenue, 300 feet north of the later seat of operations. True oil sand probably extends under these lots, and the exploiters express confidence in such trend, basing their judgment upon the formation at the former site.

within a few days. They have a force of workmen putting a substantial pumping plant at this site.

Mr. Baisley is a new exploiter in this territory. He is making preparations for drilling a well on the west side of Ramona avenue, nearly opposite the territory of Parker & Erick, and Carl & Baker. It is possible that his site is too far north to develop paying oil sand. A sump hole has been excavated and machinery is being hauled to the grounds.

Proudfit & Craig have erected a derrick and are putting in the drilling machinery in the rear of the lots situated at the southeast corner of College street and Ramona avenue. If the wells secured in paying quantities two or three wells will be drilled upon these lots. Just across the street, and about twenty-five feet distant, is the site abandoned by the Rex Oil Company a few weeks ago on account of a heavy flow of water. But a very few feet of water intervened between the well and an abandoned site. This is notably true as development approaches the exterior boundaries of the oil strata. The location of producing wells rapidly seems to indicate that Proudfit & Craig's operations are safely within the oil strata.

Work is in progress at the Los Angeles Oil Company's new site, on the north side of College street and 150 feet west from the above property. The drill is in operation at the American Oil Company's site on the west side of Pearl street, between New Depot and College streets. Driller Cole has charge of the work.

Two new wells have been drilled near the above property by the Rex Oil Company. One well has been drilled at this site by that company, and the other, south of the above property, its three lots in this locality. The wells recently opened in this section by the Bradford Oil Company, the Off Oil Company and others, are fair producers.

The Pennsylvania Oil Company has drilled two wells on the south side of the Boyle Heights territory, on the north side of College street and 150 feet west from the above property. The company has secured a lease upon seven lots in this locality and will drill at least one well upon each of them. The company is interested in the Boyle Heights territory, and will receive one-twelfth of the oil developed here by the Pennsylvania Oil Company.

The Capitol Oil Company has had luck with one of its wells on Adobe street, just north of the "pit," and has decided to abandon the well, on account of a crooked hole, on account of a crooked hole. The derrick will be removed a few feet, preparatory to drilling a new well. This property is centrally located within the oil strata.

Work has begun at Brookins & Atkins' new site, on the east side of Yale street, south of Broadway street. Development is still progressing in the farthest eastern extension. The wells being opened are small producers and unsatisfactory. The principal operations are under the direction of the Milwaukee Oil Company, Green & Nettleton, Nettleton & Kellerman, Young & Miller, and the Rex Oil Company. Two pumping plants are being put in south of the Catholic Cemetery.

AT THE WEST END.

The wells of the western extension are still producing a moderate product, and are not declining as rapidly as those at the east end, although they have been pumped much longer. They are not so close together, the sand is much thicker and the gravity of the oil about 3 deg. lower. At the east end, the sand is thin, and the gravity of the oil about 3 deg. lower. At the east end, the sand is thin, and the gravity of the oil about 3 deg. lower.

Only one drilling rig is in operation in this territory. It is at work on well No. 2 of Dr. Lamb's development at the northwest corner of Bonnie Brae street and Ocean View avenue. The drill was started in this well last Thursday.

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NEARLY HALF RATES EAT.

We ship household goods in mixed car lots. The Van and Storage Co., 426 S. Spring.

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Carl & Baker's new rig was at the southwest corner of Ramona avenue and New Depot street, is pumping a satisfactory product. Work will probably begin upon well No. 2 at this site

A sixth well is about ready for the tubing, and gives promise of becoming a good producer at a depth of only 700 feet. This company is also prosecuting development upon well No. 7, which has reached a depth of 1400 feet, and gives indications of becoming a valuable property. In the different sections of this field there is great variance in the depth at which oil sand is uncovered.

Water has been uncovered at the site of the Home Oil Company's development. The drillers are at work upon this company's first well in the Whittier district. Water was reached at a depth of 1200 feet. The result of this unwelcome find cannot be known for some time, but it is thought it may not lead to abandonment.

The East Whittier Land and Water Company is "fishing" at a depth of 1100 feet in its first well. It is also battling with water.

Oil exploitation is expensive in this territory, and results are uncertain.

THE HUBBARD FUNERAL.

Will be in Keeping with the Prominence He Achieved.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS REPORT.)

WASHINGTON, Dec. 12.—The funeral of the late Gardner Green Hubbard will be held at the Church of the Covenant at 2 o'clock Monday afternoon. The services will be simple and brief, and will be conducted by Dr. Hallin. Mr. Hubbard was president of the board of trustees of that church from the time it was organized, and gave the construction of the present house of worship his personal attention. Before the sermon this morning Dr. Hallin paid an eloquent tribute to Mr. Hubbard's high character and eminent services, and spoke with particular reference to his connection with that church.

The burial at Rock Creek Cemetery will be private. The honorary pallbearers will be Justice Brown of the United States Supreme Court, Senator Hoar, ex-Senator Daves, President Gilman of Johns Hopkins University, President Whitman of Columbian University, ex-Secretary John W. Foster, ex-Secretary Herbert, Prof. Langley of the Smithsonian Institute, Prof. Newcomb of the Naval Academy, Maj. Powell of the Bureau of Ethnology, Anthony Pollock and James E. Fitch. The active pallbearers will be the six officers and members of the board of management of the National Geographical Society, as follows: Gen. A. W. Freley, Marcus Baker, William H. Dell, C. Hart Merriam, Prof. C. K. Gilbert, H. S. Gorden, Everett Hayden, Henry Gannett, H. S. Blount, J. J. McClellan, C. W. Dabney, F. H. Newell, David T. Day, W. B. Powell, John Hyde and John B. Wright.

William E. Curtis has charge of the funeral arrangements. Seats will be reserved in the church for the regents of the Smithsonian Institute, the trustees of the Columbian University, the Church of the Covenant and the officials of other organizations to which Mr. Hubbard belonged. Also for his personal friends in the Supreme Court of the United States, the Senate, the House of Representatives and other branches of official life.

PHILADELPHIA'S FIRE.

Loss Now Estimated at Over Eight Hundred Thousand Dollars.

(ASSOCIATED PRESS NEWS REPORT.)

PHILADELPHIA, Dec. 12.—The damage resulting from last night's fire at John and James Dotsen's wholesale and retail store, Nos. 809 and 811 Chestnut street, will reach a larger sum than was at first estimated. Over \$800,000 in building and stock went up in smoke and flame, which was fully covered by insurance. The losses are divided as follows: Dobson building, \$50,000; stock, \$500,000; Sharpless Bros., adjoining Dobson's on the east, \$200,000 on building and stock. The Commonwealth Company was principally damaged by the falling walls and water, resulting loss was \$100,000. Fire Marshal Thompson has not yet determined the origin of the fire. The ruins smoldered all day, and were viewed by thousands of persons.

NEARLY HALF RATES EAT.

We ship household

THE TIMES
 Circulation Statement.
 STATE OF CALIFORNIA, COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES.
 Personally appeared before me, Harry Chandler, superior judge of the county of Los Angeles, the undersigned, who, being duly sworn, deposes and says that the daily bona fide circulation of the Times for each day of the week ended December 11, 1897, were as follows:
 Sunday, December 11, 1897, 15,700
 Monday, " 15,700
 Tuesday, " 15,700
 Wednesday, " 15,700
 Thursday, " 15,700
 Friday, " 15,700
 Saturday, " 15,700
 Total for the week, 109,800
 Daily average for the week, 15,685
 (Signed) HARRY CHANDLER,
 Superior Judge of the County of Los Angeles.
 Notary Public in and for the County of Los Angeles, State of California.
 NOTE: THE TIMES is a second-day paper. The above average, 15,685 copies, is issued by us during the seven days of the past week, if, upon the basis of a single evening paper, give a daily average of 15,685 for each week-day of 23,448.

THE TIMES is the only Los Angeles paper which has regularly published sworn statements of its circulation, both gross and net, weekly, monthly and yearly, during the past several years. Advertisers have the right to know the actual circulation of the Times, and this THE TIMES gives them correctly, from time to time; and it furthermore guarantees that the circulation of THE TIMES regularly exceeds the combined circulation of all other Los Angeles daily newspapers.

SPECIAL NOTICES

SPECIAL MEETING of the Board of Directors of the Los Angeles Chamber of Commerce, to be held at the Chamber of Commerce, on Monday, December 13, 1897, at 10 o'clock a.m. The object of the meeting is to discuss the proposed new city hall, and to consider the same. All members of the Chamber are invited to attend.

DO YOU WANT TO SELL YOUR PROPERTY? Cash paid for all kinds of personal property. Real estate and collecting. If you have money to loan, call on A. MEIR, 420 S. Spring st. Tel. main 124.

THOMAS FITCH ATTORNEY-AT-LAW, will practice in all the courts of California, Arizona, and Nevada. Office, 514 STIMMONS BLOCK, Los Angeles.

CEYLON TEAS, No. 60, 35, GENUINE Mocha Java, No. 1, LER CO., 130 W. 1st St. Between Spring and Main.

DRESSMAKERS—IMPERIAL FINEST paper patterns at LONGSTADT'S, 214 S. Broadway.

LARGEST STOCK OF WALL PAPER, factory prices to dealers. WALTER BROS., 67 S. Spring.

UPON'S SEWING MACHINE REPAIR shop, 27 N. First st. A. M. UPON, 131 S. Broadway.

SHOPS REPAIRERS, 214 S. Broadway, ladies' sales, No. 406 S. Spring.

CARPET WEAVING DONE GOOD, also fur, 440 TOWNE AVE.

DO YOU KNOW THAT THE TIMES RATE IS ONLY ONE CENT PER WORD.

For "Liner" Advertisements No Advertisers taken for less than \$1000 worth.

WANTED—Help, Male.
MUMFEL BROS. & CO.
 A strictly first-class, reliable agency. All kinds of help, day or night. References furnished. Your orders solicited.

300-202 W. Second st., basement.
 California Bank Building.
 Telephone 508.

(Office open from 7 a.m. to 7:30 p.m., except Sunday.)

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS EXPERIENCED salesmen for fancy dry goods. Apply this morning between 11 and 12 o'clock at THE FASHION, 251 S. Broadway near Third st.

WANTED—EXPRESS DRIVER, FINISHER, etc. drummer, etc. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED DRAPERY salesman Apply at CITY OF LONDON, 133 S. Broadway.

WANTED—M. M. WALTERS'S EMPLOYMENT AGENCY, 406 S. Main. Tel. M. 536.

WANTED—Help, Female.
MASSAGE, HAIRDRESSER, WAITRESS, etc. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—LADY FLORIST, COLLECTOR real estate office, lady cashier, waitress, chambermaid, etc. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—FIRST-CLASS EXPERIENCED salesmen for fancy dry goods. Apply this morning between 11 and 12 o'clock at THE FASHION, 251 S. Broadway near Third st.

WANTED—SKIRT FINISHER, E. EXPERIENCED sewing girls, etc. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—COUNTRY GIRLS FOR GENERAL household work. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—THIRTEEN NURSES experienced, no fee for registry. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—GOOD GIRL FOR HOUSEWORK and cooking, small family. Apply at 133 S. HOPE ST.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL household work. Apply to the undersigned at 232 S. Spring st., room 232.

WANTED—WOMAN TO WORK ON VEST, 216 WINSTON ST.

WANTED—A FIRST-CLASS COACHMAN want situation, thoroughly experienced in all his branches; trustworthy, reliable, and a good driver. Address box 250, PASADENA.

WANTED—BY PROFESSIONAL CARE taken, engagement with invalid, imbecile, blind person or feeble-minded child. Address L. box 30, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION BY TEACHER, A. references, acquainted with Los Angeles. Address C. EDGAR RAYMOND, Gardena, Cal.

WANTED—POSITION BY HONEST man, as cook and housework in family; city or country. Address 7, 261 WINSTON ST.

WANTED—Situations, Female.
WANTED—THOROUGHLY RELIABLE ladies would like positions as cooks for parties going to Alaska. Only those meaning business need answer. Address N. box 41, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—WORK BY ALL-ROUND orchard man and pruner, thoroughly understands horses and care of same; single, temperate; references. Address N. box 8, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—BY MIDDLE-AGED LADY, a situation, can cook, or do general housework. Corner Hill and First st., 23. 13

WANTED—SITUATION AS HOUSEKEEPER or do light housework, by reliable lady. Address F. H. TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—POSITION AS HOUSEKEEPER by a respectable lady (age 35). Address N. box 8, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—SITUATION FOR GENERAL household work, wages \$20. 129 S. ANDERSON ST.

WANTED—To Purchase.
FOR CASH (MUST BE CHEAP).
 GOOD LOT OR EQUITY IN
 GOOD HOUSE AND LOT.

ALSO WANT 3 TO 5 ACRES IN OR
 next city limits; give "exact location" and price or no attention will be paid. Owner desires to sell. 100 TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE LOT, \$500 to \$1000; south or southwest; will build \$7500 house; seller at once second mortgage for price of lot. Address N. box 50, TIMES OFFICE.

WANTED—HIGHEST CASH PRICES PAID for furniture of any description. MATTHEWS, 454 S. Main. Tel. green 824.

WANTED—CHEAP LOT FOR CASH, NEAR intersection of the new bridge and Adams. C. SUMNER & CO., 134 S. Main st.

WANTED—TO PURCHASE IMPROVED property. See F. A. HUTCHINSON, 220 S. Broadway.

WANTED—TO BUY STORE AND OFFICE fixtures, showcases, doors and windows. 216 E. FOURTH ST.

WANTED—Partners.
WANTED—PARTNER IN HYGIENIC hotel, corner of Hill and First. F. M. SHAW, 309 Court st., city.

WANTED—Miscellaneous.
WANTED—FURNITURE, TO RENT OR purchase, furniture and carpets for a 40-room hotel, or owner will associate with furniture in good hotel business. Address "FURNITURE," P. O. box 105, Los Angeles, Cal.

WANTED—TO RENT OR BUY A TRAINED footboard. T. J. EARLY, 131 S. Main st., Los Angeles.

FOR SALE—City Lots and Lands.
 Opposite (directly) T. D. Sumner's mansion (the new hotel), lies a magnificent lot, 60x150 to alley.

YOU HAVE YOUR CHOICE.
 \$20 PER FOOT, ONLY \$50.
 WORTH \$4500.

W. M. GARLAND & CO.
 Sole Agents,
 14-16 S. 214 Wilcox Bldg.

FOR SALE—JOHN L. PAYKOVICH,
 220 W. First st.
 Has for sale, at greatly reduced prices, valuable real estate, including a large tract of land and country acreage, alfalfa, citrus, berry, beet and pasture lands. Call and examine my list of properties. I am a reliable agent. Also money to loan in any amount.

FOR SALE—100 FEET ON 27TH ST. 16 feet on Portland st.; 16 feet on Westlake ave. and other city lots. Inquire OWNER, 141 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—A GOOD LOT IN HYDE PARK 1 in Pico Heights; 2 on Santa Fe ave. near Ninth. For particulars inquire of OWNER, 141 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—BEFORE INVESTING IN REAL property see L. M. PRESTON, 217 Near High st.

FOR SALE—\$150 MONTHLY LOTS, CLOSE in, 225 1/2 up, 306 BYRNE BLDG. 25.

FOR SALE—A GOOD CLASS OF 2-STORY houses is now going up on this tract.

Look at this property and you will be convinced that it is a real money-maker. A good investment in the Victoria tract.

House 7 rooms, all modern improvements; the beautiful S.E. cor. 12th and Westlake ave.

For sale—Modern house, 8 rooms, in Pasadena. Modern improvements, including furnace, gas heater, etc. The best property offered for \$5000 in Pasadena.

For sale—In Pasadena, a neat cottage, 5 rooms; large lot; splendid location.

LOTS AND HOUSES AND LOTS IN THE VICTORIA TRACT.

LOCATION SOUTHWEST, TWELFTH ST., WESTLAKE AVE. AND 1ST ST.

ELEVATED SITE, COMMANDS A GRAND VIEW.

ELECTRIC CARS TO THE TRACT. STREET IMPROVEMENTS ALL MADE. SEWER COMPLETE.

The city is built up for miles south, and is now building up rapidly west of this tract.

Those who buy now will be sure of an increased valuation.

Many lots are already sold.

Will build to suit purchaser.

FOR SALE—WE HAVE NEW MODERN houses in the most desirable portion of the city, ranging in price from \$5000 to \$20000; and we will take clear property as part payment, or sell on easy terms. POINTDEXTER & WADSWORTH, 208 Wilcox Bldg.

FOR SALE—A MODERN HOUSE of 8 rooms, 224 N. 2nd st., price \$2000, easy terms. F. A. HUTCHINSON, 220 S. Broadway.

FOR SALE—BEAUTIFUL 5-ROOM cottage, 243 E. 27TH ST.; will be sold at a bargain.

FOR SALE—Country Property.
FOR SALE—THE EARTH.
 BASSETT & SMITH.
 Los Angeles and Pomona.
 Reader, do you know if you are paying more than you should for your land? Do you know if you are getting the best value for your money? If you are, you are a fool. If you are not, you are a fool. We have a list of good properties out around Pomona to exchange for Los Angeles properties.

ALSO
 A fine ranch in Ventura county to exchange for Los Angeles property.

San Luis Obispo county. What have you in this line.

THEN
 we have a beautiful home on Menlo ave., 8 rooms, pantry, bath, closets, etc.; a beautiful lot, 100x100, with a good business place for city or country property, improved or unimproved. See the owner.

F. GILMORE,
 306 S. Spring st.

FOR EXCHANGE—WANTED—FRUIT ranch with good modern residence in vicinity of Los Angeles or San Diego in exchange for good Chicago income property; equity \$1000 in modern flat building and \$3000 good vacant. Write to OWNER, 4233 S. Lawrence ave., Chicago.

FOR EXCHANGE—\$100,000—LOT on Main st., between Seventh and Eighth st., and \$100,000 to \$150,000 in cash for 10 acres, with a good business place.

THE GOWEN-BERBER CO.
 12 Rooms 207 and 208, 218 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—160 ACRES OF LAND 14 miles from Los Angeles, with a good business place and 2 lots in Cable Road tract, clear title, perfect, in exchange for a home of 5 or 6 rooms. Write to F. H. PIERCE, 402 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—\$5000—NEW 8-ROOM house on very nice lot, with a good business place. Park, W. H. LYON, 204 Gardner & Zeller Bldg., 218 S. Broadway.

FOR EXCHANGE—EQUITY IN BEAUTIFUL 10-room house, with a good business place; grounds; this is choice. E. A. MILLER, 227 W. 1st st.

S WAPS—
 All sorts, big and little.

FOR EXCHANGE—LITTLE FURNITURE and household goods, in exchange for a good business place. Address, P. box 83, TIMES OFFICE.

BUSINESS CHANCES—
 Miscellaneous.

FOR SALE—ARE YOU LOOKING FOR an established grocery business? If so, I have one for sale. It is a well-established business, with a good location, and a good stock of goods. The owner is leaving the country and is willing to sell at a low price. Write to OWNER, 4233 S. Lawrence ave., Chicago.

FOR SALE—A GOOD BUSINESS PROPOSITION in the city, \$1000. A grocery store in the city, \$1000. A first-class paying laundry, \$500.

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By order of
A. M. FULKERSON, S. R. THOMPSON,
Commander,
Adjutant.


Mark Hanna Recovered.
NEW YORK, Dec. 12.—Mark Hanna, it was said at the Waldorf Hotel tonight, has recovered from the illness from which he has been suffering for several days.

his work before the synod. His condition is such, however, that death may come during the voyage.

Dr. M. L. Moore left yesterday for Lakewood, Ind., on receipt of a telegram announcing the serious illness of his father.

Everything at Reduced Prices
'The Haviland,' 245 S. B'dway

SO. CAL. FLORAL CO.,
No. 255 South Spring St., opposite
Stimson Block.
MORRIS GOLDERSON, Manager.
Telephone 1218.


Nobby Shoes to Match Your Costume. L. W. Godin
 137 S. Spring St.

Questions of Law.

[This department is edited by J. C. Welles, author of "Res Adjudicata," "Questions of Law and Fact," "Separate Property of Married Women," "Jurisdiction of Courts," etc. He will answer all questions of general public interest in this column. Others will be answered by mail without charge if stamp is enclosed for reply.]

T. G. is owner, as devise, of the west half of a lot of ground that is not square, and wants to know whether the land should be divided equally as to frontage or equally as to area. If the land has never been previously separated, much would depend upon the way in which it lies, and a legal partition could only be affected by agreement and counter deeds between the parties interested or by a boundary commission to be appointed by a court.

S. N. asks whether a postal card can be used as evidence, when a Sunday release is made, and when Sunday is not even illegal. A postal card has no effect whatever upon the validity of the debt. It might be so worded as to constitute a libel, but even if it was, and actual damages resulted, the damages would have to be collected separately, as the act would constitute a tort, which could not be offset against the claim. Sunday legally begins at midnight Saturday and closes the following midnight. Under the old ecclesiastical law it began at sunrise and ended at sunset, which was subsequently changed to the hours between 6 a.m. and 6 p.m.

T. H. M. purchased a justice of the peace judgment, and therefor nearly its full value. The time for execution had expired, and when the matter was called to the attention of the debtor, he produced a note from the judgment creditor for a greater amount than the judgment. An assignee of an account takes it subject to whatever offsets the debtor may have against it, and the correspondent cannot enforce his claim.

H. G. contracted with a party by which he was to prospect for gold, the party furnishing all expense money and he to receive one-half of any claims that might be located. The party furnishing the money raised the same by signing his own and the correspondent's name as partners to a note, with the knowledge of the correspondent. A "grubstake" contract does not create a partnership, although the proceeds of the labors of the prospectors are to be divided. The prospectors are to be employed as a mere employee and receives such proceeds as wages for his work. He is not liable upon a joint note given as herein described.

G. D. was arrested and confined in prison. At the time of his arrest he was searched and a watch and a sum of money were taken from his pockets and held in custody by the Sheriff. A judgment creditor levied an execution upon the effects. The levy will not hold good. The property at the time it was taken under execution was in custody of the law and not subject to a judicial writ.

H. L. K. had some property which he wished to dispose of at auction. In order to obtain a good price he employed two men to bid upon the property, and it was finally knocked down to a stranger, who now refuses to take it and pay for it. He cannot be compelled to do so, for the reason that any combination for the purpose of raising prices and the other means of sale or by-bidders renders such a sale void.

S. E. T. represents an association formed for the purpose of inducing a railroad company to locate its depot at a particular place. The railroad company made and signed a contract obligating themselves to build the depot where this association requested. They subsequently built their depot at a point one-half mile distant. No damages can be collected from the railroad company, as an agreement to locate a depot at one place and no other in a town is void as against public policy.

T. F. D.—A private letter is the property of the recipient, but if it has any literary value, or if published, it would be libelous as to the writer, the writer can enjoin such publication.

W. R. S. is a stockholder in a bank that is in process of liquidation. There are some disputed claims against the bank now in litigation. The bank is solvent and will pay all claims in full, as well as nearly if not all the amounts due the stockholders. The correspondent wants to know if there is any way of compelling an immediate distribution among stockholders. It is a well-settled principle of law that the stockholders of a bank cannot have a distribution until creditors are paid, but it would be competent for a court, in such a case as this, to prevent the stockholders from receiving dividends until the indebtedness in the event that the suits were decided against the bank, and order a distribution of the balance to the stockholders.

R. G. S. is in California, and has a claim for illegal discrimination upon the part of the Southern Pacific Railroad in the State of Texas. He wants to know whether it is necessary for him to go to Texas for the purpose of bringing suit. It is not. An action against a common carrier for illegal discrimination is transitory and can be brought wherever service can be had upon the defendant.

H. F. was driving across a railroad track when his horses were struck by a locomotive. One of the animals was killed and the other severely injured. He sued the company for the value of the horse that was killed and recovered judgment. Upon taking his living horse out of the stable he found that it was lame, and this lameness increased until the animal is now valueless. The veterinarian physician claimed that the lameness was due to the accident, even though it was not noticeable for some time afterward. The correspondent cannot recover. The negligence of the railroad company constituted but one cause of action, and the horses cannot be sued for separately.

W. T. J. is in jail on the charge of larceny. He writes to know if he can be legally held, and gives as a reason for thinking that he should be released that the watch he stole was taken from a man who stole it from another party. The fact that the party from whom the watch was stolen had no title to it, having himself obtained it by theft, does not in any way lessen the crime of the correspondent.

G. R. S.—It is rarely advisable to appeal from the decision of arbitrators. Of course if the decision is manifestly erroneous an appeal is necessary, but courts favor the submission of disputes to arbitration, and, as a rule, will enforce their decisions where possible. Arbitrators are not bound to follow the lines of law closely, and if their findings can be upheld without doing flagrant injustice, it will be done.

B. E. W. is the owner of a ferocious dog. He has signs "Beware of the dog" placed at several points on his premises, and has done all in his power to notify the public that his dog is dangerous. A stranger entered his yard and was admitted to the house. As the visitor stepped into

the hall he accidentally trod upon the dog, which thereupon injured him severely. The fact that the warnings were posted, and that the stranger stepped on the animal, will not relieve the correspondent of liability. He should make the best settlement possible with the injured man.

W. I. B.—It is true that the common law rule is that the owners of cattle must keep them off of other people's premises, but this rule does not prevail in California. (?)

C. H. M. wants to know if a type-written instrument that is interlined with a pen can be enforced. This would be treated as any other alteration, and would be presumed to be made at the time of the execution of the instrument. The burden of proof is always upon the party claiming that an instrument has been altered.

B. L. R. wants to avoid a contract made for him by an agent. The agent's authority was never reduced to writing, and the contract is one which requires a written memorandum to take it out of the operation of the statute of frauds. An agent by parole is authorized to make such a written memorandum or contract, and the statute of frauds is not available as a defense.

T. C. L. gave a sealed release to a debtor who made a compromise with his creditors. He has since learned that certain properties were fraudulently concealed. In such a case a release, even under seal, is void.

Recent Bond Elections. [Oakland Enquirer.] Two recent bond elections of more than local interest were those held in Sacramento county and Los Angeles city. The Sacramento proposition was for the construction of a model State highway between Sacramento and Folsom, the county to issue bonds for \$75,000, and the State to contribute \$40,000. Some doubt had been felt whether the proposition could be carried, but the vote was astonishingly one-sided. It stood 562 for the bonds and 770 against them. In Sacramento city, where the heaviest vote was cast, the bonds carried by more than ten to one, and in other precincts near the proposed road they were even stronger. In the southern part of the county, where no immediate benefit will be received, the vote was about even for and against. It may be considered a cheering sign that in the first important road-bond proposition in California, such great favor was shown to the State highway idea, and we trust that all politicians will study the result and become convinced that the people of California want good roads and mean to have them.

Los Angeles voted on issue of \$339,000 of school bonds, and \$150,000 for fire department bonds, both being defeated on a very light vote. On the school-department bonds the vote was more than two to one against, and in this result may be read the disgust of the citizens of Los Angeles over the revelations of corruption in the department made just before the election took place. It would have been impossible under such circumstances as prevailed to carry a school-bond election in any community in the world.

The issue of bonds to purchase apparatus for a fire department, or even to erect the small buildings required for engine-houses, is a doubtful proposition at best, since these things ought to be provided for out of current revenue. Nevertheless, the Los Angeles fire-department bonds were defeated only by a meager majority of 97.

The Swedish "Cacabycle." [New York Dispatch.] Visitors to Central Park were startled today at the appearance of a new vehicle, propelled by man power and carrying two persons, which sped along the smooth roads. It had three wheels, and one of the passengers, the man behind, did all the work. It went up the steep hills without any great slackening of speed, and when it struck a down grade the man behind simply pressed his feet down on the pedals and it slipped along slow or fast as he desired.

This machine is a "cacabycle," designed by Fredrik and Birger Lundstrom, engineers of Stockholm, Sweden, which the former has brought to this country for exhibition, after showing it in London. The secret lies in the driving mechanism, in which a crank and lever gear is substituted for the rotating crank and sprocket and chain. There is a chain, but it works on the ratchet principle, and is so constructed that the gear can be changed without stopping the machine by simply pressing a little pneumatic bulb on the handlebar. The range of gear on the cab is from 35 to 85, but Mr. Lundstrom has a single wheel with him which he can shift with equal ease from a 50 gear to 130.

An Imaginary Lawyer. [Emma Walker-Herr in the Philadelphia Record.] Once at the gate of a great city, to which only good people were admitted, at the gate-keeper, a wise old man whom for convenience we will call St. Peter. Along came a lawyer who said, "St. Peter, may I come in?" "No," said the good man, "no lawyers can ever enter here." He of the green bag turned sorrowfully away and sat down by the wayside to await further developments. Just down the road, tripping along with a little red umbrella over her head, came a female disciple of Blackstone, wearing a smile intended to vanquish all argument and act as a passport to the beautiful city. Of course, St. Peter let her in. The poor man on the outside straightway headed for the gate again and demanded of St. Peter that he should show cause. "You just let that woman in and she is a lawyer from Ann Arbor." "Oh," said St. Peter with a smile, "the woman is not a lawyer; she only thinks herself one." And he rapped the lawyer over the head with a big key and bade him be gone.

Will the Injunction Injunction? [Chicago Chronicle.] Opposition to Judge McKenna's appointment to the Supreme Bench is based, as now appears, not upon his religious belief, but upon the personal animosity of some of his enemies on the Pacific Coast. Among them are two United States Judges, who are particularly bitter in their attacks. It is significant of the haughty attitude of the average Federal judge that these two jurists—Messrs. Gilbert and Bellinger—have promulgated their protest against Judge McKenna's appointment before it was furnished to the President. The idea is apparently that Maj. McKinley will recognize the document as a judicial mandate and withhold the appointment. If he fails to do so he will probably be served with an injunction in due and regular form.

KLONDIKE. Have you been waiting for a "Guide to the Klondike"? The Times has received a supply. The official guide and map for the area. At counter or by mail.

FINE Zinfandel, 50c gal. Tel. 308. T. Vache & Co., Commercial and Alameda streets.

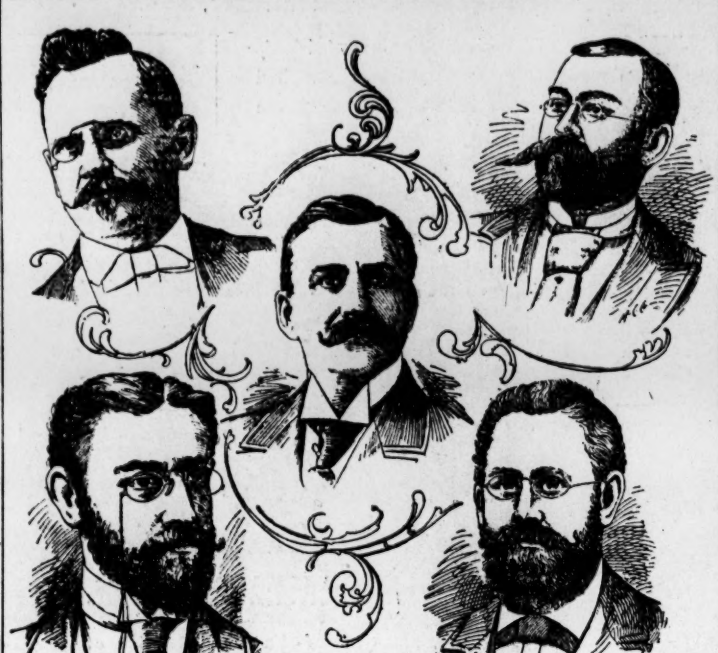
CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.

Castoria
Is an every day
medicine.

EVER IN THE LEAD.

With a Master Hand That Knows No Opposition, a Rare Combination of Skill and Experience, the English and German Expert Specialists Conquer Chronic Diseases.

A LONG RECORD OF MARVELOUS CURES.



Staff of the English and German Expert Specialists.

The criminal carelessness shown by many sick people is as alarming as the number who are afflicted with the various chronic diseases. Many of these sufferers have never sought relief, while thousands more have vainly tried ordinary doctors and unavailing remedies.

To both classes the English and German Expert Specialists extend a helping hand, offer hope and light, where now all is despondency and darkness. These great doctors are all graduates from the highest medical colleges in Europe and America. Each one has had many years' experience in hospitals and in family practice before entering upon the all-important work of specialists. Every one who is afflicted should consult them. A friendly talk and their best advice.

Costs Absolutely Nothing.

Such a consultation will result in great good, whether you place your case in their hands or not.

Catarrh \$2.50 Per Month.

No Other Charges—Medicines Free.

The prices and terms for curing all other diseases are within the reach of all. Why suffer for years and die prematurely when you can be well and strong and live to the end of your allotted time?

The English and German Expert Specialists

410 to 421 Byrne Building, N. W. Cor. Third and Broadway.

Office Hours:—9 to 12 and 1 to 4 daily; evenings, 7 to 8; Sundays, 9 to 11.

... WILL MOVE TO ...

218 South Broadway, Dec. 20.

The Great Specialist,



DR. MEYERS.

This eminent Specialist has devoted half a lifetime to the cure of all

Weakness and Diseases of Men.

Dr. Meyers has so much confidence in his wonderful methods and remedies that he makes this offer to all who come to his office

Not a Dollar Need be Paid Until Cured.

Dr. Meyers makes a specialty of troubles and ailments which have been badly treated and have become chronic and dangerous.

Consultation and Advice Free

At office or by letter. If you cannot visit the city write for symptom list and private book for men. All correspondence confidential.

DR. MEYERS

Is the Specialist for Men for the English and German Expert Specialists.

Office Hours: 9 to 4 daily; Sunday 9 to 11; evening 7 to 8. Private entrance 412 Byrne Building, Los Angeles.

Will Move to 218 S. Broadway, December 20.

EXIT

Exit is defined by Webster as: "Departure of a player from the stage when he has performed his part." "They have their exits and their entrances." We have played our part. We are about to make our exit. No big words or promises—we are very thankful that it is not necessary for us to be "sensational." That such a stock of shoes as ours goes at these prices is enough.

At 75c Men's Slippers for Christmas presents.

At \$5.00 Were \$6, \$6.50, \$7, \$7.50.

Including Winter Frame. Calf-lined Shoes with double soles—Vici Kid Shoes with calf lining—Box Calf Shoes with calf lining and double soles—Enamel Patent Leather Shoes—French Calf Shoes—Cordovan Shoes with cork soles—Calf Shoes with cork soles. These are in all shapes of toes in black and tan.

At \$3.90 Shoes that were \$5.

Including Vici Kid Calf, Russia Calf, Box Calf, Calf and Calf-lined, double soles, all colors and shapes of toes.

At \$2.90 Shoes that were \$4.

Fine Calf Shoes in black and colored; double or single soles; welt goods.

At \$2.40 Shoes that were \$3.

Calf Shoes in all shapes and styles of toe.

At \$1.90 Shoes that were \$2.50.

Including the well-known "Economy" line.

At \$1.20 Shoes that were \$1.50 and \$1.85

In Boys' Shoes the prices range from \$1.10 up. The best of goods throughout. All made expressly for our trade with the utmost care.

Wm. Gibson

Men's and Boys' Shoes

No. 214 West Third Street.

"Look at Lissner's"

It often happens that Christmas purchases are hastily made—and quickly regretted. We invite a careful inspection of our stocks before you make your final decision. Perhaps we can be of service in helping you decide.

Perhaps you will see something here that will better meet your giving thought than what you are now intending to purchase.

From the little silver novelties at fifty cents each up to the magnificent Diamond Set Watches and Necklaces of Jewels, the stock is a vast exposition of happy Christmas thoughts. Let this be your Christmas shopping policy if you would have no after regrets. "Look at Lissner's."

M. LISSNER & CO.,

Gold and Silversmiths, Opticians.

235 South Spring Street.

Haviland China

Dinner Sets \$22.50

10 decorations, strictly first grade.

Z. L. PARMELEE CO.

232-234 South Spring Street.

Best

Shoes in

the World.

\$3

WATERMAN'S SHOE STORE,

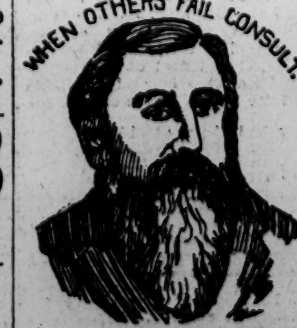
121 South Spring St.

The W. H. PERRY

Lumber Mfg. Co.

LUMBER YARD AND PLANING MILL, Commercial Street.

WHEN OTHERS FAIL CONSULT.



DR. LIEBIG & CO.

The old reliable, never-failing Specialists, established 18 years. Dispensaries in Chicago, Kansas City, Butte, Mont., San Francisco, and Los Angeles.

In all private diseases of man.

Not a dollar need be paid until cured.

CATARH & Specialists. We cure the worst cases in two or three months.

Discharges of years standing cured promptly. Wasting drains of all kinds in man or woman speedily stopped.

Examination, including Analysis, Free.

No matter what your trouble is, nor who has failed, come and see us. You will not regret it. In Nature's laboratory there is a remedy for every disease. We have the remedy for yours. Come and get it.

Persons at a distance may be CURED AT HOME. All communications strictly confidential. Call or write. The poor treated free on Fridays, from 10 to 12. Address

123 SOUTH MAIN STREET, Los Angeles, Cal.

City Briefs.

Position wanted by an experienced hardware and agricultural implement man from the East, who is desirous of locating in California; thoroughly familiar with all the details of the business, buying, selling, the office and ranch machinery. Address N. box 28 Times Office.

If you are contemplating going to Klondike in the spring, get a copy of the "Guide to Klondike," a complete and authentic history of the gold field of Alaska, with splendid map. It will be a paying investment. For sale at The Times counting-room, or by mail, 25 cents.

A meeting of the directors and managers of the Free Kindergarten and the chapters of the booths of the Kirmess is called for Tuesday morning, December 14, at 10 o'clock, at Hazard's Pavilion.

The Times is prepared to do on short notice any kind of plain typewritten postcard for 30 cents per thousand and brief work for 35 cents per thousand.

Special—Finest cabinet photos reduced to \$1 and \$1.75 per dozen. Sun beam, No. 256 South Main street.

Photos of little Thomas Starnam, pianiste, 50 cents. Sanborn, Vail & Co. C. E. Mayne, No. 410 Broadway Block.

The kid glove house. The Unique. Christmas gloves. The Unique. Kid glove orders. The Unique.

The Woman's Missionary Society of Immanuel Church will hold a Christmas rally Tuesday evening at 7:30 o'clock.

The annual meeting of the Ladies' Benevolent Society will be held on Wednesday, the 15th, at 2 p.m. in the Friday Morning Club rooms, No. 330 1/2 South Broadway.

VAL VERDE'S SECRETARY

WAS REMOVED FROM OFFICE
Nearly a Month Ago.

But We Retained the Stock Book and Signed the Certificates That He Sold—No Notice of His Removal Given to the Exchange.

A dispatch from Randsburg received last night says James S. Wilde was removed from the office of secretary of the Randsburg Mining Company on November 16, and R. L. Burcham was elected in his place. Wilde is the man who sold 250,000 shares of Val Verde stock on the floor of the Mining Exchange, breaking the price from \$10 to \$1 per thousand shares, and then disappeared from the city a few days ago.

If the dispatch from Randsburg is correct as to the date of Wilde's removal, the holders of stock bought from him may find the paper worthless.

While Wilde was dumping Val Verde stock in large blocks, he was supposed to be the secretary of the company, no notice of his removal having been given. He carried a stock book containing certificates signed in blank by the president of the company, and when he made a sale he filled out the blanks, wrote the purchaser's name in the proper place and then signed his own name as secretary. If he was removed on November 16, his signature as secretary is no good, and he had no right to sign the certificates.

A very peculiar feature of the business is the fact that Wilde had in his possession the stock book of the company after he was removed from office. It is peculiar also that no effort seems to have been made by the other officers to get the book from him and place it in the hands of the new secretary. If Wilde was removed nearly a month ago why was the fact withheld from the public until last night? The secretary of the Mining Exchange certainly was unaware of the change last Friday when he explained to The Times how Wilde sold stock and why the exchange was not responsible for any loss to its patrons that might result from Wilde's transactions on the floor of the exchange.

HE HAD A GUN.

A Frisky Negro Shoots Holes in the Air for Fun.

The residents of the neighborhood of Sixth street and Grand avenue were startled about 4 p.m. yesterday by a number of shots fired in rapid succession. Officer Hubbard was attracted by the shooting and hurried to the scene, where he found a negro named Joe Bramlett flourishing a revolver.

Bramlett had got into a quarrel with some colored men, drew his revolver and fired several shots into the air, apparently with the desired effect, as the people he was having trouble with vanished.

As Officer Hubbard approached Bramlett the latter fired the last shot in his revolver into a tree and then very quietly submitted to arrest. He was charged with carrying concealed weapons.

BADLY BRUISED.

A Bicycle Collides with a Team of Horses on Main Street.

About noon yesterday Harry Spears, a young man living at No. 1025 Florida street, was riding a bicycle on Main street, and when near the corner of Second attempted to run around a street car that had stopped for a passenger. As Spears turned the end of the car he ran full speed into double team of horses going in an opposite direction.

The wheelman was knocked down and run over by the horses, his wheel being wrecked and himself badly bruised about the hips and shoulders. He was taken to the Receiving Hospital, where his wounds were dressed.

MORE FAST DRIVING.

Two Women Run Over on Spring Street Yesterday.

About 2 p.m. yesterday Frank Mullane was driving a speedy horse hitched to a light buggy down Spring street, and when near the corner of First he ran into two women who were crossing the street. The women were not knocked down, but the horse, passing between them, gave them a severe jostling and frightened them into hysterics.

BREADANDBUTTERISM.

CLEVER SPOOK SHOW AT THE LOS ANGELES THEATER.

Tables waits with Judge Smith and Some Doctors, Ghosts Appear, and Policeman Hill's Handcuffs Prove Too Much for the Psychic Forces.

Spook shows of all sorts have been inflicted many times upon the trustful and innocent Los Angeles public, but the demonstrations of slippery swiftness given last night at the Los Angeles Theater by Prof. Lloyd Cook were so clever that they can hardly be termed an infliction. He himself frankly informed the audience that it could call his performance animal magnetism, spiritualism, or any other oldism; he simply termed it "breadandbutterism." Judging by the size of that same audience, Mr. Cook's bread is well greased today, for the house was filled as it never was and never will be for a high-class opera or concert company. The stage was inclosed in a species of corral, made of black cotton adorned with mysterious brown stains and held the usual curtain, cabinet, guitars, tambourines, bells, tables, chairs, etc. As soon as the curtain rose it also held an active gentleman in evening dress, somewhat thinly thatched as to scalp, and very brisk and confident as to demeanor. He first announced to the spectators his entire innocence of any dark designs upon their credulity, and then went at once to work.

Wringing out a sponge that perspired real water, he swabbed off two small slates, had them tied together by the indispensable "any gentleman" in the audience, and in the scratch of a slate pencil procured a message from the late John Brown of respected memory to the effect that his soul was still busily engaged in marching on. Then he accumulated a table and waltzed it airily over the stage without the aid of "suckers," either of the wet leather or the two-legged variety; did a neat little sum on the blackboard by "mental telegraphy," and then called for a committee.

Judge P. N. Smith, Dr. Wilder, John Off and Mr. Wise responded to the summons, first receiving the assurance that they would be "treated like gentlemen." Overcoming their natural shyness, they examined everything in sight, and gave the signal to let the show proceed.

Cabinet tricks came first. Cook was roped like a Texas steer, placed in a chair in his little cupboard and sealed hard and fast, while the air was filled with a shower of bells, tambourines and such small deer. When this palled upon the audience, Cook was invited to step inside and play house with Mr. Cook, and the curtain closed again upon the portly frame of Miss Honor, who perched coyly upon the knee of his tied-up host. In just twenty seconds the curtain flew back and disclosed Judge Smith still sitting there, rather sheepish and bewildered, and minus his coat, while Mr. Cook still tied up like an express parcel, was adorned with a bland smile and the judicial garment.

This brought such howls of applause that the nimble breadandbutterist was encouraged to try some more airy toying with the power of the law. After indulging in a little amateur crucifixion he called for handcuffs, as the best known restraint on liberty of action. Policeman Hill handed over a pair, and Cook, nimbly snapping them on, retired to his little tapestry boudoir. Either the psychic forces or his key would not work, however, for he emerged in a few minutes, still securely shackled, and announced that the strain upon his vital powers had been too great to allow the success of this experiment. He returned the handcuffs to the officer, and proceeded to refresh his occult force by producing a table with the committee on top of it, so restored Mr. Cook that he called for another pair of handcuffs. This time Detective Goodman responded, and handed over a set of fetters of elaborate construction. The "professor" and the handcuffs retired together to the seclusion of the cabinet, and many queer things happened. The spectators gasped, and looked shudderingly around, but the wily owner of the accommodating jewelry only winked the other eye and muttered in a knowing undertone: "Humph! I can pick that lock any day myself with a buttonhook."

Fan-tan Players.

Detective Auble and Officer Phillips arrested twenty-four Chinese last night in one of the dens on Marchessault street for playing fan-tan. The officers caught the Chinese playing and captured with the men \$50 in coin that was on the table.

LOS ANGELES TRANSFER CO.

Will check baggage at your residence to any point. 218 W. First street. Tel. M. 248.

BROWN'S HOT AIR FURNACE

Fits the climate and pocketbook. Heating houses, halls, etc., a specialty. 123 E. Fourth.

SALES TALK

With Hood's Sarsaparilla, "Sales Talk," and show that this medicine has enjoyed public confidence and patronage to a greater extent than accorded any other proprietary medicine. This is simply because it possesses greater merit and produces greater cures than any other. It is not what we say, but what Hood's Sarsaparilla does, that tells the story. All advertisements of Hood's Sarsaparilla, like Hood's Sarsaparilla itself, are honest. We have never deceived the public, and this with its superlative medicinal merit, is why the people have abiding confidence in it, and buy

Hood's Sarsaparilla

Almost to the exclusion of all others. Try it, prepared only by C. I. Hood & Co., Lowell, Mass.

OSTRICH BOAS

California feathers in time, collar-ettes, etc., best quality ever offered, at lowest prices. AGENTS—

IMPERIAL HAIR BAZAAR,

224-226 W. Second st.

THE FAIR,

224-226 S. Spring Street.

ODORLESS OIL HEATERS.

MAEDER, PRIESTER & CO.

The more expert the cook the stronger her faith in the superlative merits of Royal Baking Powder.

DEATH RECORD.

BRASLMAN—In this city December 12, Elizabeth, beloved wife of B. L. Braslman, and mother of Mrs. S. H. Butt and Maud L. Braslman, a native of Scotland, aged 61 years.

Friends are invited to attend the funeral from her late residence, No. 1708 South Main street, on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock. Washington, D. C., and Salt Lake papers please copy.

KNIGHT—Miss Alvina Knight, at her home, No. 231 W. Fifteenth street, Los Angeles, December 11, 1897.

Funeral services from Third Presbyterian Church, corner Sixteenth and Hill streets, Monday, December 13, at 2:30 p.m. Friends are invited. St. Louis (Mo.) papers please copy.

FLEMING—At Good Samaritan Hospital, this city, December 12, 1897, William Fleming, Engineer, Wilcox Building.

SOULE—December 11, at No. 111 West Fourteenth street, Miss Lizzie A. Soule, daughter of H. J. and Mary J. Blaisdell, a native of Michigan; aged 15 years.

Funeral Monday, December 13, at 2 p.m. from Central St. B. Church. Friends respectfully invited. Interment at Evergreen Cemetery.

WATCHES cleaned, etc., mainprings, \$50; crystals, etc., \$25. No. 214 South Broadway.

CHURCH committees, see Hicks on your Christmas candles. Don't delay. 208 S. Broadway.

A GOOD PRACTICE.

If You Want a Good Appetite and Perfect Digestion.

After each meal dissolve one or two of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets in the mouth and, mingling with the food, they constitute a perfect digestive, absolutely safe for the most sensitive stomach.

They digest the food before it has time to ferment, thus preventing the formation of gas and keeping the blood pure and free from the poisonous products of fermentation.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets make the complexion clear by keeping the blood pure. They increase flesh by digesting food-forming food.

Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets is the only remedy designed especially for the cure of stomach trouble and nothing else.

One disease, one remedy, the successful physician of today is the specialist, the successful medicine is the medicine prepared especially for one disease.

A whole package at one time would not hurt you, but would simply be a waste of good material.

Over six thousand men and women in the State of Michigan alone have been cured of indigestion and dyspepsia by the use of Stuart's Dyspepsia Tablets.

Sold by all druggists at 50 cents for full sized package.

Send for free book on stomach diseases to

STUART CO.,

Marshall, Michigan.

CHOCOLATE MONARCH

Gift Shoes

Might not think it, but there are plenty of appropriate gifts in a store like ours. A pair of Comfort Slippers for grandpa or grandma. A pair of the nobby kind for father or mother. A pair of Dancing Pumps for brother or friends. A pair of Ballroom Slippers for some one's sister. All appropriate.

EVERY-STAUD SHOE CO.

Byrne Building, Broadway near Third.

JUST RECEIVED—

QUO VADIS,

New Illustrated Edition,

90cts.

Fowler & Colwell,

221 W. SECOND ST. Near Broadway

\$850

Lot on San Joaquin St., Knob Hill Tract. I have the choice of two good lots at above price.

RICHARD ALTSCHUL

Rooms 204 and 205 Lankershim Bldg. S. E. Cor. Third and Spring Streets

DR. WONG,

Chinese Physician and Surgeon.

Locates ALL Diseases by the pulse. No disease baffles him. Do not despair because others have given you up, but see Dr. Wong.

Consultation free. Sanitarium and Office: 718 S. MAIN STREET, Los Angeles Cal.

\$30,000 BANKRUPT SHOE SALE Starts Today

The most stupendous, colossal, aggregation of Shoe Bargains ever launched on the Los Angeles public. Surpassing in styles and qualities any shoes ever brought to town. Smaller in prices than merchants can buy for at wholesale.

60 cents on the dollar, wholesale price

Is what I will sell these two monster stocks at. Don't think of buying a Shoe until you have visited this greatest of sales where you can buy two pairs of any kind of shoes you need for near to what you'd pay for one in any other store. People who took my advice during my last grand success here, the Tyler Sale, know that my methods are as straight as a string; that this buying and selling of Bankrupt Stocks means a saving of cold cash to every one who takes advantage. Remember, the sale starts today.

F. F. WRIGHT,

Buyer and Seller of Bankrupt Shoe Stocks.

123 South Spring St. Germain's Old Stand.

Second Week of the Final Zobel Sale.

Second grand cut on all the prices. Do your millinery buying this week for the next three months. Here are a few of the new prices.

75c Felt Sailors 25c

Bunch of three 50c

Ostrich Tips for 37c

75c Walking Hats at 65c

\$1.50 Felt Hats for 13c

50c Dress Shapes for 25c

50c Felt Turbans for 15c

50c Child's Hats for 13c

35c Buckram Frames for 5c

\$1.00 Walking Hats for 65c

25c Fancy Ribbons for 15c

Trimmed Hats for less than the material first cost.

Ribbons for Christmas.

Fancy Work reduced.

LUD ZOBEL & CO.,

The Wonder Millinery

219 South Spring Street.

DR. WONG,

Chinese Physician and Surgeon.

Locates ALL Diseases by the pulse. No disease baffles him. Do not despair because others have given you up, but see Dr. Wong.

Consultation free. Sanitarium and Office: 718 S. MAIN STREET, Los Angeles Cal.

Best in the World

For \$2.50

The best Hats ever offered under \$4. Harrington and other leading makes in the best styles and colors.

Plenty of the right sort of gifts for men, such as Neckwear, Canes, Umbrellas, Collars, Cuffs, and Handkerchiefs.

Siegel,

Under Nadeau Hotel.

STRICTLY RELIABLE

Dr. Talcott & Co.

The Only Specialists in Southern California Treating

EVERY FORM OF WEAKNESS and DISEASES OF MEN ONLY

We guarantee to cure enlarged, swollen and twisted veins, found usually on the left side, scrotum and diseases of the rectum and stricture, in one week. Any form of weakness cured in six weeks. Discharges, blood taints and results of badly treated diseases a specialty.

We Never Ask for a Dollar Until Cure is Effected.

We mean this emphatically and it is for everybody. All correspondence cheerfully answered.

Cor. Third and Main Sts., Over Wells-Fargo. Private Entrance on Third Street

Imported Wellington Coal \$10.50 Per Ton,

Delivered to any part of the city. Be certain of getting the genuine article unmixed with inferior products. It lasts longer and saves money.

BANNING COMPANY, 222 S. Spring St.

Office Telephone, Main 36. Yard Telephone, Main 1047



Dr. T. Foo Yuen. Dr. Li Wing.

BICYCLES At less than wholesale prices for a few days only. \$25 and up

Truss frame Fowlers and other high-grade wheels.

BRADFORD CYCLE CO.,

538-540 South Spring Street.

Paine's Celery Compound

MAKES People Well.

Chairs

Yule-tide thought will be more cheerful by replacing in one of our forest green, fernish, mahachite or golden oak chairs.

W. S. Allen, 332-334 S. Spring